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The Bombay Chronicle

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VOL. XX NO. 6- BOMBAY: FRIDAY, JANUARY 8, 1932. PRICE ONE ANNA.

MORE ARRESTS IN BOMBAY AND SUBURBS

Picketing Of Cloth Shops Revived

POLICE MOVE TO STOP FINANCIAL HELP TO CONGRESS.

The picketing of foreign cloth shops in Fort, Bombay, on Thursday culminated in the arrest of Srimati Amrit Kaur (Mrs. Jamiat Singh) by the police. She was immediately conveyed in a police van to the Arthur Road Jail.

Mrs. Kaur had posted herself in front of Messrs. Whiteaway Laidlaw and Company as early as 1 p.m. but she was only arrested towards the evening. The police appeared on the scene at about 2-30 p.m. and for about 2 hours, they were undecided as to whether she should be arrested or not.

POLICE CHIEF ON THE ROUND.

She was allowed to stand near the entrance to the show room, while a posse of police armed with lathis lined the pavements with a view to check the rush of crowds. The Police Commissioner himself took a turn to Hornby Road to give instructions to officers posted on "picketing duty".

FIRST PICKET TO BE ARRESTED.

For more than two hours, Mrs. Kaur as well as the police mounted guard near Whiteaways surrounded by crowds. At about 5 p.m., Mrs. Kaur was leaving when she was arrested by a police officer. She was immediately conveyed to the Arthur Road prison. A man volunteer who was picketing the shop along with Mrs. Kaur was not arrested by the police.

At 6 p.m., Messrs. Whiteaways closed their doors, and simultaneously, the picket and the police withdrew. Following the withdrawal of the police, the crowds that had gathered on the scene formed themselves into a procession and marched along the streets shouting slogans.

CHARNI ROAD SHOPS PICKETED

Other foreign cloth shops on the Hornby Road also received the attention of pickets, but there were no arrests. Men volunteers picketed almost all foreign cloth shops at Charni Road and Girgaum, but the police maintained a policy of non-interference.

MR. B. R. DHURANDHAR ARRESTED.

There were only two other arrests in Bombay on Thursday. Mr. B. R. Dhurandhar, a sub-editor in the "Nava Kal" who was jailed during the last civil disobedience movement for being a member of the "War" Council surrendered himself to the police on Thursday morning. Mr. Dhurandhar was arrested under the new Ordinance and marched in a police van to the Byculla House of Correction.

On Thursday afternoon, the De-Lisle Road section arrested Mr. V. R. Dighe, Secretary of the Anti-Untouchability Committee of the B. P. C. C. at his residence. He was also conveyed to the Byculla Jail.

Later in the evening while addressing a meeting at Kharak Bazar Mr. J. J. Choksey was arrested. Before his arrest he was served with an order not to address public meetings in Bombay.

CHECKING CONGRESS ACTIVITIES.

With a view to check Congress activities, the Government, it is understood, is contemplating serving gagging orders on certain persons restraining them from addressing any meetings convened under the auspices of any organisation which had been proclaimed unlawful and also requiring them to report themselves to the police every day.

The police are empowered to serve such an order under Section 4 of the Emergency Powers Ordinance, and a breach of this order is punishable with a sentence of 2 years' imprisonment or fine.

The Government, it is stated, is determined to see that the Congress does not obtain any outside financial assistance to prosecute its activities, and with this object close investigations have been instituted to see if any mercantile body or association is helping the Congress with money.

PICKETING OF FOREIGN CLOTH SHOPS.

Women Pickets' Persuasion To Would-Be Customers.

Foreign cloth shops in Fort, Bombay, were picketed by women pickets clad in their saffron coloured sarees and green blouses and by men volunteers on Thursday. The activities of the pickets drew large crowds of demonstrators.

Exactly at midday three women volunteers posted themselves in front of the shops of Messrs. Bhesania, Esa Ali and Karanjia respectively. The pickets persuaded few customers from entering the shop.

A large number of people collected on the footpaths watching the activities of the pickets, but they were asked to disperse by Congress volunteers. After an hour's duty the women pickets retired and their places were filled by men volunteers. The police were nowhere to be seen.

AT WHITEAWAY LAIDLAWS

In the meantime Shrimati Amrit Kour (Mrs. Jamiat Singh) posted herself in front of the showrooms of Messrs. Whiteaways Here an unusually large crowd gathered and indulged in demonstrations. The pickets left European customers alone, but were seen appealing to Indian customers not to enter the shop or to make any purchases.

POLICE COMMISSIONER ON SCENE.

The crowd of spectators in front of Messrs. Whiteaways swelled in size as time passed. At about 2 p.m., a posse of policemen and several sergeants and police officers arrived on the scene. The lathi police cleared the pavement of the demonstrators, and lined the footpath. Shortly afterwards Mr. G. S. Wilson the Commissioner of Police accompanied by Mr. Sharpe Deputy Commissioner of Police arrived on the scene and had a talk with the Officers for about five minutes.

Srimati Amrit Kaur and another picket continued to remain at the entrance all the time. The presence of the police attracted larger crowds but there was not a single untoward incident, both the police and the crowds being on their best behaviours. There were no arrests.

MORE ARRESTS IN SUBURBS

Vile Parle Satyagraha Camp Raided

Still more arrests under the new Ordinance are continuing in the suburbs.

The Bandra Police raided on Thursday morning the Vile Parle Satyagraha Chavani (Camp) on Thursday morning and took possession of the camp premises. The national flag was pulled down and a Union Jack was hoisted in its place.

At the time of the raid there

(Continued on page 5.)

ORDINANCE RAJ IN BOMBAY.

Federation Of Commercial Associations' Protest.

INADVISABILITY OF REPRESSIVE MEASURES

The following wire has been sent to the Viceroy by the President of the Federation of Bombay Commercial Associations:—

"The Committee of the Federation, Bombay Commercial Associations, deeply deplore the action of His Excellency the Viceroy in refusing to grant to Mahatmaji, the accredited representative of the Nation, an unconditional interview on the political situation of the country and in precipitating a grave political crisis by arresting him.

"They further strongly protest against the promulgation of four Ordinances of a sweeping character and their application to Bombay Presidency.

"They further urge upon His Excellency the inadvisability of such repressive measures which are bound to dislocate trade and industry, and aggravate the economic situation in the country and strain the relations between the people of the country and the Government at a time when harmonious and peaceful atmosphere is mostly needed."

Congress Volunteer And His 60 Year Old Mother Jailed.

LUCKNOW, Jany. 7.

Mr. Thakur Prasad, a Congress volunteer and his 60-year old mother and another were sentenced to-day in the District Jail by the City Magistrate to one month's simple imprisonment and Rs. 200 fine each, in default to undergo another seven days' imprisonment, on a charge of disobeying a prohibitory order on January 5.

Orders have been reserved against Mrs. Mittra, and other leaders arrested on January 4. Eight persons including a woman named Annapurna Devi, were arrested in different 'mohallas' yesterday on similar charges.—A.P.

ANTI-PICKETING MEASURES IN LUCKNOW.

LUCKNOW, Jany. 7.

Sir Malcolm Hailey, Governor of the United Provinces, will visit Cawnpore on Saturday to attend a meeting of commercial leaders who propose to discuss the question of anti-picketing measures. —A.P.

U. P. COUNCIL LIBRARIAN RESIGNS.

In View Of Political Situation.

LUCKNOW, January 7.

Mr. R. Tilak, Librarian to the U. P. Legislative Council, has written to the President of the Council, tendering his resignation in view of the political situation.

Munshi Hussain Kidwai, Member of the Council of State in a press statement urges the Muslims to hold a conference, preferably at Lucknow to plan a programme, not necessarily Congressite, in view of the present crisis.—A.P.

BENARES FIRING CASUALTIES

2 Killed: Over 100 Injured

BENARES, Jan. 6.

The latest report regarding casualties in connection with last evening's firing and lathi charges shows that two were killed, one on the spot and the other in the local Marwari Hospital and over a hundred injured. The injured persons were attended at four hospitals. Several have been discharged but about forty of them are not in a condition to be discharged.

Two wounded persons are reported to be in a precarious state. Among the injured are four students of the Benares Hindu University, who are being treated in the University Hospital.

It is reported that as a result of stone-throwing from the direction of the crowd a number of police constables received minor injuries. The city is quiet.—A.P.

COUP D'ETAT FEARED IN SPAIN.

Clashes Between Civil Guards And Strikers

6 PERSONS KILLED.

LONDON, January 7.

Madrid.—Alarmist rumours of an imminent "coup d'etat" for the establishment of the dictatorship under General Sanjurjo, the leader of Civil Guard, rife today culminated in clashes between Civil Guards and strikers in several parts of the country notably at Arnedo where six persons were killed.

Premier Azana denies that General Sanjurjo is plotting for dictatorship and strongly rebuts the allegations that the Guards are acting aggressively but public feeling against the Guards is at present intense particularly in rural areas.—Reuter.

ANGLO-EGYPTIAN NEGOTIATIONS TO RE-OPEN.

LONDON, January 7.

Cairo.—Speaking at the Senate Adky Pasha announced that the Government would shortly be resuming negotiations with British Government in order to settle outstanding points.—Reuter.

30 ARRESTS IN AHMEDABAD.

AHMEDABAD, Jany. 7.

A number of persons were arrested this morning, including Sjt. Mahadev Desai, and Sjt. Manilal Kothari, Dictator, Gujerat Provincial Congress Committee. It is understood that so far 30 Congress workers have been arrested and some more arrests are pending.—A.P.

SEVERAL ARRESTS IN SURAT DISTRICT.

Congress Office And Students' Hostel Searched.

SURAT, Jan. 7.

The police searched to-day the confiscated Surat District Congress Office and Students Boarding and Lodging Houses, namely Anavil Ashram and Patidar Ashram.

The police have also searched and sealed Gandiva Press from where the weekly named "Stri Shakti and Gandiva" is published.

Several arrests under the Emergency Power of Ordinance have been reported from Surat District. Two Congress Workers at Karadi were arrested yesterday including Mr. Dhanjisha Ardesher, a Parsi.

One arrest is reported from Bardoli and one from Chikhali. The city is observing a hartal today as a protest against arrest of local Congress leaders.

—A. P.

BORDI GANDHI ASHRAM.

(From A Correspondent)

BORDI, Jan. 6.

An urgent meeting of the workers of Gandhi Ashram (Bordi) was held on 5th instant and the following resolution was passed: "Resolved that the Constitution of the Gandhi Ashram (Bordi) be suspended and Mr. Mukundrao Save be appointed as the sole dictator of said Ashram with all po-

HUBLI LIBRARY DECLARED UNLAWFUL.

Trustees Close Institution.

(From A Correspondent.)

HUBLI, January 7.

News was received here that Tilak Granth Sangraha and Vachanalaya a public library and reading room was declared unlawful. The trustees closed down the institution and ceased functioning.

Defying Section 144 In Benares.

Processions Parade Streets.

BENARES, January 7.

Two processions, each consisting of five volunteers, started this evening in defiance of the order under section 144. It is reported that one procession passed through some streets and lanes, but none were arrested.

The second procession was stopped by the police. Four volunteers were arrested. Otherwise there were no incidents.—A.P.

NO PEACE MOVES.

Viceroy Only Confering With Round Table Knights.

DELHI CONFERENCE.

NEW DELHI, Jany 7.

The impression is going round that the Viceroy is holding a Conference of political leaders. This is entirely incorrect. He is only meeting individually some of the delegates to the Round Table Conference.

To-day he saw Sir Ali Imam and Dr. Shafaat Ahmad Khan. To-morrow he will see Sir Muhammad Iqbal.

His Excellency during the two or three days will be seeing Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru, Mr. C. Y Chintamani, Mr. Jayakar, Mr. A. Rangaswami Iyengar, Mr. Srinivasan, Sir Phiroze Sethna and Mr. J.N. Basu, all Round Table Conference delegates.—A.P.

Liberal Leaders' Arrival

NEW DELHI, Jany. 7.

Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru and Mr. C.Y. Chintamani are arriving tomorrow morning, while Mr. Jayakar and Sir Phiroze Sethna are arriving to-night. They are expected to see the Viceroy to-morrow afternoon. Mr. A. Rangaswami Iyengar is expected to-morrow afternoon from Madras. To-day there was a meeting of the Executive Council when the political situation was discussed.—A.P.

MR. IYENGAR ALSO TO JOIN

MADRAS, Jany. 7.

On an invitation of the Viceroy Mr. A. Rangaswami Iyengar, editor of the "Hindu" left for Delhi this afternoon by the Grand Trunk Express.

HELPING THE WORK OF R. T. CONFERENCE.

Calcutta's Offer To Viceroy.

CALCUTTA, Jany. 7.

The Associated Press understands that the Viceroy is being asked telegraphically by influential quarters to arrange an early Conference of the leaders of all sections of communities who are prepared to co-operate and carry out Premier's programme of constitutional progress.

It is considered that conversations which Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru and others are having with the Viceroy, are merely in the nature of personal deputation of the Liberals, whereas it is regarded as certain here that greatest good would result from a general discussion with the representatives of Hindus, Moslems, Europeans and other important sections.

Such a conference will, in no way, come into conflict with the work of the Round Table Conference Committees. Such Conference will not be aiming to alter the scheduled scheme, but will only outline the best methods of obtaining the fullest assistance of all co-operating sections.—A.P.

CALICUT ARRESTS.

CALICUT, Jany. 6.

Three Congress workers including the Secretary of the Kerala Congress Committee and a woman have been arrested for alleged disobedience of an order under Section 144. Nine Congress volunteers have been arrested at Cannanore in similar circumstances.—A.P.

T. PRAKAKASAM ARRESTED

A private telegram from Guntur says that Mr. T. Parkasham has been arrested and taken to Ellore for trial.—A.P.

CONGRESS ARRESTS AT NASIK.

NASIK, Jany. 7.

Six prominent Congress leaders have been arrested by the Distt. Superintendent of Police, under Ordinance No. 2 of 1932 and they have been lodged in the jail at the Nasik Road.

The names of the persons arrested are:—Messrs. B.G. Maratha and G.H. Deshpande (Congress Secretaries); D.Y. Pingale, R.B. Mahajan, G.V. Ketkar and M.V. Janorkar.—A.P.

TROOPS USED TO DISPERSE RED SHIRTS

Arrests Of Congressmen Continued On Frontier

PESHAWAR, Jan. 7.

Peshawar City is very much quieter. In Nowshera sub-division three villages in Akora area, namely, Misri, Banda Moghalkai Maisa, which had shown some opposition to the police on the fourth, were visited by troops and police on Wednesday. The attitude of the villagers when the troops and police appeared, was completely different.

ATTEMPT TO PICKET COURT.

"Red Shirt" uniforms were voluntarily handed over with the assurance that the village would not take any further part in anti-Government movements. About 30 men attempted to picket the fifth Tehsil Assistant Commissioner's court. They were taken in custody by the police and when they promised not to take further part in picketing were released.

TROOPS TO DISPERSE RED SHIRTS.

In Mardan sub-division, village Kotha, a crowd of about 150 "Red Shirts" who were parading, were ordered by the Assistant Commissioner to disperse and haul over their uniforms. On their refusing to do so the military dispersed the mob without resort to firing.

Troops were stoned from the roofs of the houses, but there were no serious casualties. Three Red Shirts received injuries and were removed to hospital.

CHARSADDA COLUMN ON THE MOVE.

The Charsadda column visited on January 5 Harichand village where the Red Shirt movement had flourished with a large number, a durbar hall and a parade ground closed in with barbed wire. Fifty-six arrests were made. Some opposition was met with. Twenty unlicensed rifles, 10 swords and Rs. 600 in revenue were recovered.

In Kohat District, the Khattak column marched to Latambar from Karak without incident. The general attitude in Khattak Ilaqa continues to improve.

The Naurang column returned to Bannu yesterday after effecting the necessary arrests and realisation of fines. One arrest was made in Bannu city and thirteen at Naurang. Otherwise the situation is quiet.

Peshawar Municipality has given notice to prostitutes to remove themselves within one month to the serai outside the city. Appeal has been filed with the Revenue Commissioner by some recipients of notices.—A. P.

QUIET AT HAZARA.

The Congress agitation appears to have ceased entirely in Hazara District. The party with Fakir of Alingar has increased in strength and has reached upper Gandab Valley. Khassadars and levies have been despatched to assist the loyal Halimzai Maliks to prevent action against British allowance-holders.—A. P.

Armoured Cars And Troops Patrol Sholapur Streets.

CONGRESS LEADERS ARRESTED.

(From Our Correspondent.)

SHOLAPUR, Jan. 6.

Dr. Antrolikar, Mr. R. S. Rajwade, Editor "Karmayog" and Mr. Gulabchand Doshi were arrested this morning. Later on, Mr. Mahajan, Pleader was also arrested in the Court at about 11-30 a.m. It is reported that the arrests were effected under the new ordinance.

Just a few minutes before these leaders were taken into custody, a military force of about 600 soldiers of the Kings Own Scottish Borders arrived here.

Police parties and armoured lorries are patrolling streets. The District Magistrate and the Police officers are seen moving in the city.

The citizens are observing peaceful hartal and the shops are closed.

POONA CONGRESS LEADERS ARRESTED

POONA, Jany. 7.

The police effected arrest this afternoon of three important Congress workers: Messrs. H.V. Tulpule, ex-President of the Poona City Municipality and President of the District Local Board; Mr. L.B. Bhopatkar, Advocate and Mr. D.V. Gokhale, editor of the 'Maratha,' Poona City.—A.P.

POONA YOUTH LEAGUERS ARRESTED.

POONA, January 7.

Poona City and Cantonment have resumed normal aspect, only a very few shops remaining closed.

The police this morning arrested under Ordinance 2 of 1932 two Youth League workers: Mr. S. M. Joshi and Mr. R. K. Khadilkar. A resident of Saswad village near Poona Mr. Chundermul Chunilal has also been arrested.—A.P.

SAMBAMURTI JAILED FOR 2 YEARS.

Madura Congress Leader Sentenced.

MADRAS, January 7.

A Cocoanada message says that Mr. B. Sambamurthi and three others have been sentenced to two years' rigorous imprisonment each for disobeying an order under section 144. The Magistrate remarked that the accused had invited the maximum punishment by deliberate breach of the law and constitutional authority.

MADURA DICTATOR JAILED

A Madura message says that Haji Mahomed Maulana Sahib, described as the first Congress Dictator of Madura was arrested last evening on the charge of disobeying an order under section 144 found guilty on two charges and sentenced to undergo two years' rigorous imprisonment.—A.P.

PICKETERS DISPERSED BY FORCE.

MADRAS, January 7.

Five volunteers commenced picketing a cloth shop in Esplanade this evening. The police soon arrived on the scene and dispersed them by force.—A.P.

"ABHUDYA" PRESS CLOSED DOWN AT ALLAHABAD.

ALLAHABAD, January 7.

Under the provisions of the United Provinces Ordinance the District Magistrate has closed down the Abhudya Press which was printing the Hindi daily of the same name at Allahabad.—A.P.

UNLAWFUL ASSOCIATION ORDINANCE APPLIED TO MADRAS.

MADRAS, January 7.

It is understood that the Unlawful Association Ordinance has been extended to the whole of the Presidency and a Gazette Extraordinary is being issued to-day declaring 15 Congress bodies in Madras unlawful associations.—A.P.

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Public Notices.

MATHERAN (HILL) LIGHT RAILWAY.

NOTICE

On and from TUESDAY, the 12th January, 1932, and until further notice the following will be the revised timings:—

3—Up—
Neral departure 10-05
Matheran arrival 11-50
(connecting with 19 Down Poona Express and 4 Up Poona Mail).

2—Down—
Matheran departure 14-30
Neral arrival 16-00
(connecting with 20 Up Poona Passenger and 3 Down Poona Mail).

On every SATURDAY evening, for the convenience of week-end visitors, a special train will leave Neral at 17-30, arriving Matheran at 19-15, connecting with 20 Up Poona Passenger and 3 Down Poona Mail.

The return special will leave Matheran every MONDAY morning at 7-55, arriving Neral at 9-35, connecting with 19 Down Poona Express and 4 Up Poona Mail.

RAIL MOTOR COACHES will also be available on terms and conditions already notified and now in force.

All communications for reservation, etc., should be made direct to our office at Neral.

R. PESTONJI,
(Khan Bahadur).
Manager & Engineer-in-Chief.
Neral, 4-1-32.
4162.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
RAILWAY DEPARTMENT
(RAILWAY BOARD)

Tenders for the transport of Coal for State-managed Railways from Calcutta to Rangoon during 1932-33.

TENDERS are invited from Shipping Companies for the transport of approximatelly 200,000 tons of Coal in bulk from the Port of Calcutta to Rangoon during the period 1st April 1932 to 31st March 1933 in accordance with the programme to be given by the Chief Mining Engineer, Railway Board.

Tenders are to be deposited in the Tender Box kept in the Office of the Chief Mining Engineer, Railway Board, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta up to noon (Calcutta time) on the 14th January 1932 and will be opened in presence of such Tenderers as may like to attend at 3 p.m. (Calcutta time) on the date.

Conditions of Tender may be obtained on application to the Chief Mining Engineer, Railway Board, Calcutta.

The Shipping Company will be required to enter into an Agreement for the transportation of this quantity.

There is no special Tender Form.

J. F. BLACKWOOD,
Secretary Railway Board.
4140

Legal Notices.

HIGH COURT.
O. O. C. J.
SUIT NO. 822 OF 1931

MAMRAJ RAMBHAGAT, a firm and Others ..... Plaintiffs
v/s.
BHIKHUMIA EBRAHIM, a firm ..... Defendants.
To,
BHIKHUMIA EBRAHIM, Esqr., A Partner in the Defendant Firm.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the above suit has been adjourned from 6th January to the 10th day of February, 1932.

Dated this 6th day of January, 1932.

Yours, Truly,
MALVI RANCHHODDAS & CO.,
Plaintiffs Attorneys.
4175

Legal Notices.

PROCLAMATION OF SALE BY SHERIFF OF IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION
Suit No. 187 of 1926.

Baj WAWOOJIBAI, widow of Chandulal Dadoba Parelkar, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Parel, without the Fort of Bombay ..... Plaintiff.
versus
SADANAND RAMKRISHNA PARELKAR, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Parel, without the Fort of Bombay. ..... Defendant.
and
Suit No. 188 of 1926.
Baj WAWOOJIBAI, widow of Chandulal Dadoba Parelkar, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Parel, without the Fort of Bombay ..... Plaintiff.
versus
SADANAND RAMKRISHNA PARELKAR, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Parel, without the Fort of Bombay. ..... Defendant.

WHEREAS by a decree made in the above suit on the 24th day of February, 1930, it was 'inter alia' ordered that the abovenamed defendant do pay to the plaintiff the sum of Rs. 35,173-3-0 for debt and interest and the cost of this application and decree when taxed and noted in the margin thereof and further simple interest at 6 per cent. per annum upon the amount of judgment from the date thereof until payment.

AND WHEREAS by a alias Warrant of Sale, dated the 9th day of December, 1931, the Sheriff of Bombay was directed to sell by Public Auction all the right, title, and interest of the within-named defendant in the lands and premises in the said Warrant, mentioned, that is to say

FIRSTLY:—All that piece or parcel of land or ground of the pension and tax tenure (since redeemed) with structure and buildings standing thereon situate and lying at Girgaum Back Road, admeasuring 516 square yards or thereabouts bearing Old Collector's No. 222, New Nos. 1683 and A/1683, Old Survey No. 33, New Survey No. 620 and A/620 C. S. No. 2860 of Bhuleshwar Division and assessed by the Municipality under C Ward Nos. 5680, 5681, 5683 and Street Nos. 1, 29, 41, 43, 2 and 3 and bounded as follows: on the East by the property of Lalbaugh Trustees, on the West by the Girgaum Back Road, on the North by the property of Dwarkadas Gordhandas and on the South by the property of Sukhanand Gurmukhrai.

SECONDLY:—All that piece or parcel or Pension and Tax Land or ground with the messuage tenement and buildings standing thereon situate and lying at Woollen Mills Gully, admeasuring 7781 sq. yds. or thereabouts bearing New Survey No. 1401 and C. S. No. 466 of Mahim Division and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under G. Ward Nos. 4084 (1), (3), (4) and 4085 and Street Nos. 445, 445B, 445C and 446 and bounded as follows, i.e. on or towards the East by Woollen Mills Gully, on or towards the West partly by property of Balgovind and partly by the property of Tukaram Arjun Thakore and Harichand Madhev Patil and on or towards the South by the property of Balgovind and on or towards the North by the property of Bhagwandas Gordhandas and another.

NOW IT IS HEREBY PROCLAIMED AND NOTIFIED that on the 20th and 21st days of January, 1932, at the hour of 4 o'clock in the afternoon, each day, the Sheriff of Bombay will under and by virtue of the said Warrant of sale, dated 9th December, 1931, put up for sale by Public Auction on the premises to the highest bidder and without reserve the right title and interest of the said defendant in the firstly and secondly within described properties, respectively or in so much thereof as may be necessary for the satisfaction of the said decree, costs, costs of previous and of this execution together with Sheriff's poundage.

The following is a list of the rights, charges and claims to which the said lands and premises are supposed to be liable:

(1) Claim of Sukhanand Gurumukhrai as at equitable Mortgagee of the Girgaum Back Road property, firstly described in the Schedule herein. The same is the subject-matter of litigation in Suit No. 2032 of 1929.

(3) Claim of N. R. Gogte and Indirabai N. Gogte for the sum of Rs. 20,000/- and interest thereon from 25th July, 1930, until payment at 12 annas per cent. per mensem, payable by the within-named Defendant and others. The said claimants are the holders of the title deeds of the property secondly described in the schedule herein as equitable security.

Intending purchasers should visit the Court does not warrant the correctness of the above description of the premises nor the title of the said Defendant to the same or to any interest therein.

Should the said Defendant have no saleable interest whatever in any lot to be sold in accordance with this Proclamation any sum paid by the purchaser by way of full or part payment for the same will be repayable to the purchaser.

The abovementioned Plaintiff has not obtained permission to bid at the sale.

Of the price of the lot one-fourth shall be paid forthwith when the lot is knocked down to a purchaser; the remainder of the purchase money must be paid in that case by the purchaser to the Sheriff on or before the fifteenth day after the sale.

The sale will not become absolute until confirmed by the Court.

In default of payment in whole or in part as above prescribed, any sum paid as deposit will be forfeited to the Government and the lot will be sold free from any interest therein or in the proceeds thereof of the prior purchaser.

For further information and conditions of sale application should be made at the office of the Sheriff of Bombay or at the Office of Messrs. Thakordas Daru Hemany and Co Attorneys for the Plaintiff, Nanabhai Lane, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 15th day of December, 1931.

PHEROZESHAH J. MARZBAN,
Sheriff of Bombay.
4176

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V. by the grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration with the Will annexed of the property and credits of SHAMRAO BHASKARJI KOTHARE, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant ..... Deceased.

PARVATIBAI, widow of the said Shamrao Bhaskarji of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, residing in a house on Pallow or Girgaum Road, outside the Fort of Bombay. ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness SIR JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this Seventeenth day of December in the Year of Our Lord One Thousand nine hundred and thirty-one and in the Twenty-second Year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court Bombay.

R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary & Senior Master.

H. A. VAKIL,

The 17th day of December, 1931.
Messrs. NANU HORMASJEE & Co.,
Petitioners' Attorneys.
4177

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Despaired from all sides should use our "Washikaran Talisman" for the last time to achieve their object, keep it with you and think of the beloved, who will atonce try to be with you within the shortest possible time despite being cruel minded or staying at a far off place, and moreover will never seek separation. This Talisman contains in itself special qualities such as to win the favour or superiors or master and to gain victory over all difficulties. This is a sure and certain talisman. Remunerations, Re. 1 only.
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To-day at 6-30 and 10 P. M.
A Rollicking Musical Comedy All in Technicolour.
"HOLD EVERYTHING"
Featuring
WINNIE LIGHTNER AND JOE E. BROWN
and chorus of 72 Beauties.

EMPIRE THEATRE
To-day at 6-30 and 10 P. M.
A Strong Vivile Drama.
"THE MAN THEY COULDN'T ARREST"
Featuring
HUGH WAKEFIELD.
Show how the hero evaded the traps of the Police.

EMPRESS TA...
To-day at 6-30 and ... P.
Sequel to "Beau ...
"BEAU IDE...
Featuring
RALPH FORD...
Unforgettable Dram... of the Sahara.

LAST WEEK !!
LAST WEEK !
GANDHARVA NATAK MANDALI
RIPON THEATRE
GRANT ROAD
SATURDAY, 9-1-32 at 8-30 p.m.
"SWAYAMWAR"
SUNDAY, 10-1-32 at 3 p.m.
"SANT KANHO PATRA"
Booking is open at the Ripon Theatre from 8 a.m.

N. Y. K.
LINE
FOR COLOMBO, SINGAPORE CHINA and JAPAN.

Steamers.	Tons.	Arrive.	Leave.
*Nagato Maru	5901	18 Dec.	8 Jan.
Haruna Maru	10500	.....	@ 11 Jan.
x Kaga ,,	5860	30 Dec.	13 Jan.
*Hankow Maru	4104	8 Jan.	18 Jan.
Katori Maru	10000	.....	@ 26 Jan.
*Tokiwa Maru	6972	15 Jan.	31 Jan.
Kashima Maru	10000	.....	@ 9 Feb.
xTango ,,	6892	30 Jan	13 ,,

*Do not carry passengers.
x Calls at Colombo.
(a) From Colombo.

FOR MARSEILLES AND LONDON

Steamers	Tons	Leave Colombo	Arrive Marseille
Suwa Maru	11000	17 Jan.	24 Jan.
Fushimi Maru	11000	21 Jan.	7 Feb.

FROM ORIENT TO SANFRANCISCO.

Steamers	Tons	From Hongkong.	From Kobe.
Tatsuta Maru	22000	27 Jan.	2 Feb.
Taiyo Maru	22000	9 Feb.	16 Feb.

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ALWAYS ASK FOR
INDO-BALM

SHIPPING NEWS.
Exports & Imports.

ARRIVALS.
January 7
C/o. Melbourne, Jones, Liverpool
C/o. Shanghai, Lloyd, Karachi.
Ellora, Carter, Karachi.
Storviken, Overheim, Rangoon.
Empress of Britain, Latta, New York.

DEPARTURES.
January 8.
Nippon, Howall, Karachi.
Nagato Maru, Tanaka, Kobe.
Jalapalaka, Courtney, Moulmein.

LOADING.
January 7.
Steamer Varsova for Busrah.
Steamer Venezia for Trieste.
Steamer Argen Maru for Kobe.

ARRIVAL OF AMERICAN TOURISTS.

S S Empress of Britain:—The M M Coy's steamer Empress of Britain, 22645 tons, Commander Latta, arrived in harbour yesterday from New York with 5 passengers, Maharaja of Bhopal and his party.

S S Melbourne:—The K N Coy's steamer City of Melbourne arrived in harbour yesterday from Liverpool with a general cargo.

S S Ellora:—The B I S N Coy's steamer Ellora arrived in harbour yesterday from Karachi with a general cargo and passengers.

S S Storviken:—The Scindia S N Company's steamer Storviken arrived in harbour yesterday fom Rangoon with a general cargo of rice.

S S City of Shanghai:—The J F Coy's steamer City of Shanghai, arrived in harbour yesterday from Karachi, with a general cargo.

S S Nagato Maru:—The N Y K steamer Nagato Maru will sail to-day for Kobe, with a general cargo.

S S Jalapalaka:—The Scindia S N Coy's steamer Jalapalaka will sail for Moulmein, with ballast.

S S Nippon:—The L Edward Ltd steamer Nippon will sail today for Karachi with same bottom cargo.

IMPORTS.
Bombay, January 7.

S S Kaga Maru; Agents: N Y Kaisha Ltd, from Yokohama:—85 cases rayon goods, 269 cases rayon and cotton mixed goods, 105 bales silk goods.

From Nagoya:—100 bales cotton yarn, 271 bales cotton shirting, 62 cases glassware, 125 cases porcelain ware, 608 cases beer.

From Osaka:—160 cases rayon goods, 50 cases cotton shirting, 240 cases cotton shirting, 60 cases rayon yarn, 60 cases canvas shoes, 20 cases cotton goods, 2340 drums paint, 65 drums zinc powder, 156 bundles metal goods, 850 bundles brass ware, 190 cases cotton yarn, 340 cases glassware.

From Kobe:—95 cases cotton shirting, 100 cases cotton jeans, 330 cases cotton and art. silk mixed: shirting, 221 cases canvas shoes, 62 cases cotton goods, 423 cases rayon goods, 25 cases cotton drill, 421 cases straw boards.

From Tokyo:—66 cases cotton yarn.

From Moji:—25 cases canvas shoes, 24 cases rubber tyres, 25 cases vegetable wax, 2000 bags cement.

From Shanghai:—20 cases cotton shirting, 985 bales cotton yarn, 30 bales noil yarn, 46 bales silk yarn, 432 bags beans, 210 bales raw silk, 86 bales art. silk piece goods.

From Hongkong:—570 coils rope, 100 bags sugarcandy, 587 pieces lumber.

From Canton:—425 bags cassia, 34 bags China roots, 100 bags sugarcandy, 20 bales raw silk.

From Singapore:—1303 bags betelnuts, 2315 bags sago flour, 51 bags damar batu, 100 cases pineapple, 40 cases quinine, 25 cases gum benzamin, 24 cases nutmeg.

From Penang:—201 slabs tin.

From Colombo:—12 bales raw silk, 480 H/C tea.

S S Nippon; Agents: L Edwards Ltd, from Hamburg:—27 cases globes, 90 cases sterilized creams, 80 cases caraway seeds, 150 cases slates, 70 cases slate pencils, 900 cases logs, 50 cases paper, 415 cases clove-stems, 100 cases aloes, 46 cases sulphur, 66 cases cardboards, 30 casks chemicals, 25 bundles copper sheets, 646 bundles Y M sheets.

From Oslo:—837 bundles nails, 1817 cases paper, 610 cases woodpulp, 168 cases chemicals.

From Gothenburg:—1994 bundles ceilings, 82 bundles cardboards, 1153 cases paper, 90 bundles bar iron, 264 bundles hinges, 274 bundles nails, 40 cases ware, 60 cases glassware.

From Antwerp:—521 cases ware, 220 cases paper, 28 hinges, 60 cases glue, 25 playing cards, 150 drums c... 1000 bundles nails, 613 bu... bolts and nuts, 245 bundles rods, 769 bundles steel hoops bundles steel keys, 1501 bu... steel angles, 54 bundles wire ting, 228 cases glassware, 400 starch, 330 bags whiting, 145 stones.

From Port Said:—275 bales, ton, 50 cases oranges.

From Suez:—10 drums asp...

EXPORTS.
Bombay, Januar...

S S Mantua, for London bales woollen carpets, B Meh... bales woollen carpets, F Haj... bales animal skin, G M Ra... toola; 5 bales animal skin, ... tha; 47 bales animal skin, H ... man & Co; 6 bales animal ... H Habibulla; 12 bales a... skin, D Abraham & Son; 7 ... animal skin, H A Aminoff ... bales animal skin, I Faizulla, ... bales cotton rags, B Manas... ram & Co; 1 package brassw... Cox & Kings Ltd; 130 bags gro... undnut kernals, M Bhuta & Co; 130 bags turmeric, and 65 bales appricot kernals, K Harjivan; 1232 bales myrabollum, H Bhagvandas & Co; 27 bales animal skin, Grindlay & Co; 387392 Rs. bar gold, P & O Banking Corp; 255445 Rs. bar gold, Eastern Bank Ltd; 621319 Rs. bar gold, National Bank of India; 269886 Rs. bar gold, Chartered Bank of India, A, and China; 345250 Rs. bar gold, Netherland Comm. Bank Ltd; 152204 Rs. bar gold, P & O Banking Corp; 336213 Rs. bar gold, National City Bank of New York.

For New York:—27 bales animal skin, Grindlay & Co.

For Marseilles:—1400 bags castor seed, K Devchand & Co; 1550 bags groundnuts, 134 bags groundnut kernals and 300 bags turmeric, S M Rajgor & Co; 800 bags groundnuts, M Bhuta & Co; 137 bags groundnuts, B Nazir & Co.

For Jaffa:—11 bales cotton yarn A H Diab.

For Alexandria:—25 bales cotton yarn, A H Diab.

For Port Said:—4 bales cotton yarn, A H Diab.

S S Vasna, for Busrah:—200000 silver rupees, Eastern Bank Ltd.

S S Tarantia, for Birkenhead:—2200 tons manganese ore, J Finlay & Co.

For Glasgow:—115 bales cotton yarn, Finlay Mills Ltd.

For Manchester:—755 drums castor oil, Gujarat Oil Mill Mfg Co.

For Philadelphia:—82 casks goat skin, Briskey Co.

For Marseilles:—70 casks goat skin, Briskey Co.; 250 bales cotton raw, Volkart Bros.

For Liverpool:—222 bales wool raw, D Sassoon & Co.

S S City of Shanghai, for Liverpool:—100 bales hemp, M Nissim; 2560 bags groundnuts, Steel Bros; 630 bags groundnut oil cakes, Birla Bros; 320 bags myrabolum, C Jivanlal & Co.

For Ghent:—125 bales cotton raw, Italindia Cotton Co.

S S Rotenfels, for Hamburg:—3 bales cotton fly, Indian produce Export Co; 50 bales cotton fly, H E Bode & Sons; 3 cases casings, Shamji Mal; 14 cases casings, Ad Meyer.

For Antwerp:—200 bales hemp, F Dawoodbhoy; 27 bales cotton fly, Indian Produce Export Co; 384 bags myrabollum, J Narbheram & Co.

For Rotterdam:—4000 bags groundnut oil cakes, H V Oomerbhoy; 1625 bags groundnut oil cakes, Steel Bros.

S S Durenda, for London:—500 bags bone meal, A Dawn & Co.

For Havre:—173 bags myrabolum, C Jivanlal & Sons.

S S Argun Maru, for Kobe:—860 tons old iron scrap, Faiz & Co; 1200 bales cotton raw, Sassoon J David & Co; 1000 bales cotton raw, G K Kaisha Ltd.

For Shanghai:—1009 bales cotton raw, G K Kaisha Ltd.

For Bangkok:—25000 silver rupees, A E Maskati.

For Yokkaichi:—500 bales cotton raw, G K Kaisha Ltd.

For Osaka:—500 bales cotton raw, G K Kaisha Ltd.

S S Nagato Maru, for Kobe:—200 bales cotton raw, Japan Cotton Tdg Co; 141 bales cotton raw, V Ladha & Co.

S S Kiderpore, fore Kobe:—306 bales cotton raw, Breul & Co.

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BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

TO-DAY'S INDIAN RADIO PROGRAMME:—12 noon Selection of Gramophone records. 7 p.m. Instrumental Music by Vigneshwar Shastri (Violin Solos) and Mahomed Khan (Been Solos); 9-20 p.m. Talk Next Week's Amusements by "the picturegoer".

OPHTHALMOLOGICAL SOCIETY OF BOMBAY:—The 47th Meeting of the Ophthalmological Society of Bombay will be held at 6-30 p.m. at A. M. C. F. O. Hospital to-day (Friday) when interesting cases will be shown and discussed.

CORPORATION MEETING.

A meeting of the Corporation will be held in the Municipal Hall to-day (Friday) at 3 p.m. (Bombay Time).

BOMBAY HOSPITAL COMMITTEE.

Government have appointed Mr. G. D. Moore to be a member of the Committee constituted for raising funds for hospitals in Bombay City vice Mr. W. H. Neilson resigned.

DISCOURSE ON GITA:—Shradheya Jaidayalji Goenka and Sjt. B. Hanumanprasad Poddar, Editor of the Magazine "Kalyan" who have come on a short visit to Bombay will daily, during their stay hold discourses on Gita and the allied literature in the Salasanga Bhavan Hall from 8 to 11 a.m. They are staying in the same building.

Sir C. K. Setalvad Better.

It is understood that Sir C. H. Setalvad who was laid up with pneumonia recently is much better now and is out of danger.

Bank Rate Unchanged.

Bombay, January 7.

The Imperial Bank of India's rate of interest on demand loans on Government paper remains unchanged at eight per cent.—A.P

STEAMER MOVEMENTS:—The outward P. & O. Extra Steamer "Moldavia" left Port Said at 5 a.m. on the 5th instant. In ordinary course she should arrive in Bombay at 6 a.m. on Thursday the 14th instant.

The "Moldavia" will sail from Ballard Pier for Australia at noon the same day.

The O. S. K. Steamer "Havre Maru" left Singapore for Bombay on January 5 and is due to arrive on January 19 via Colombo.

Steamer "Clan Macphee" arrived Suez morning of 5th inst.

The P. & O. Mail Steamer "Moloja" with the Mails from Bombay of 2nd instant arrived at Aden at 5 p.m. on the 6th instant and left there at 10-30 p.m. the same day.

Acknowledgments.

A blotting paper pad from The Calkwar Oil and Chemical Co.

A Wall Calendar from "Baby's Juvenol."

A Wall Calendar from Jamnagar Dwarka Railway.

A Wall Calendar from L. H. Seller, Samta (Bengal).

BENEFIT PERFORMANCE OF BENGALI DRAMA.

For unavoidable reasons the date of the performance of "Pather Shese", Bengalee drama, which will be staged in aid of Bengal Flood and Famine Relief, has been postponed from 8th January, to 17th January.

GERMAN CLASSES.

German classes for beginners will be conducted by Prof. G. M. Jadhav at 55 Girgam Rd., (nea Opera House Tram Terminus), at 9 a.m. (S. T.) on Sundays. The classes will begin from Sunday the 10th January.

LATEST COTTON PRICES.

(Cotton Information Bureau, 331, Ismail Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.)

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET.

MAY.

New York, Jan. 7.	
Previous closing rate	6.56
To-day's opening rate	6.66
Difference	plus .10
To-day's closing rate	6.53
Difference	—.03
Broach expectations	Rs. 119

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

MAY.

Liverpool, Jan. 7.	
Previous closing rate	4.93
To-day's opening rate	4.97
Difference	plus .04
To-day's closing rate	4.97
Difference	plus .04

LONDON SILVER MARKET.

London, Jan. 7.	
Silver ready	19 13/16
Lower	—6 annas
Silver forward	19 13/16
Lower	—6 annas

Market: Quiet.

Bombay, Jan. 7.

The Bombay market was closed to-day.

MUSLIM NATIONALIST PARTY.

No Reason To Declare It Illegal.

MR. CHAGLA'S PROTEST.

Mr. M.C. Chagla writes:—

There can be no more startling instance of the reckless career upon which the present Government have embarked than their action in declaring, among other associations, the Muslim Nationalist Party, an unlawful association. Two or three facts have got to be remembered in connection with this Party. In the first place it has got no connection with the Congress. In the second place, it has never passed any resolution in any way supporting the present activities of the Congress. Further on its very Executive are Muslims who are not members of the Congress. I myself have been from its very inception, and still am, its Vice-President. Its only object, which it has been endeavouring to carry out by propaganda in the City and in the districts has been to induce the Mussalmans to adopt a national outlook in political matters, and to regard themselves as an integral part of the nation and not as a separate political entity. Among other things we have been carrying on an intensive propaganda in favour of joint electorates.

FIGHTING CANKER OF COMMUNALISM.

I should have thought that this party would have found favour with the official circles. Those circles have always graciously told us that the canker of communalism was the greatest curse from which India was suffering. Our party was trying to rid India of it. We were informed by such eminent authorities as Mr. MacDonald and Lord Irwin that without joint electorates no democratic institution could really function. Our party was doing its utmost to get the Mussalmans to accept them. And with all this, like a bolt from the blue, comes the intimation that every member of the party shoud now consider myself as belonging to an unlawful association. The future historian of the British Empire will not fail to note this peculiar trait of the Anglo-Saxon rulers—how in practice they always conveniently managed to overlook and ignore their most solemn declarations.

The only motive that I can ascribe to Government in the action that they have taken is that they wish to penalise Nationalism. I know that His Excellency the Governor in his message to the citizens of Bombay says: "No law abiding citizen has anything to fear from the Ordinances that have been issued." Might I ask him whether a Muslim Nationalist is necessarily 'not' a law-abiding citizen?

GONE PANICKY.

If by these measures Government intend to root out Nationalism they are making a most terrible mistake. There are not enough gaols or internment camps in this country that can hold the offenders against such a penal statute. Carlyle once talked of occasions when a whole people or a whole nation went mad. We are witnessing times when a whole Government has gone panicky. But I want Government to remember that in the ultimate resort Government can only rest upon the willing consent of the governed. And Government seem to have gone far enough to provoke even the most moderate and the most constitutional of their subjects to withdraw their consent.

In conclusion, I have an appeal to make to those who are not in the Congress and who have not joined the movement. It is farcical, to say the least, to talk of evolving a constitution when there is a reign of terror all over the country, when the civil law has been suspended, and when the liberty of person and of speech can be taken away at the mere whim of the Executive. The least that they can do is very politely to inform Government that they need not despatch the eminent English gentlemen who are sailing on the 15th to advise us as to what are our innumerable shortcomings and to tell us the exact reason why we are unfit for full responsible government. Neither the British nor the Indian Exchequer can afford this totally unnecessary expense.

MORE ARRESTS IN BOMBAY AND SUBURBS.

(Continued from page 1.)

were 39 Congress Workers in the Camp. But the police arrested only 9 of them, and turned out the rest of the workers from the Camp.

Other arrests in the suburbs were:

Ghatkopar	6
Bandra	1. (The arrested person was Mr. Vandrekar, a local pleader).
Andheri	3.

The total number of arrests in the suburbs are 18.

BOMBAY SHOPS RE-OPEN

After Three Days' Hartal

After the three days' hartal declared as a protest against the arrest of Mahatma Gandhi and other leaders all the shops in Bombay reopened on Thursday morning and the city put on a normal appearance.

But the principal cloth markets, namely the Mulji Jetha Market and the Mangaldas Market remained closed, it is understood, as a mark of protest against the arrests of local Congress leaders.

Arrests And Raids At Ville Parle.

Early on Thursday morning at about 5-30 a.m. Sjt. Ramnikrai Mehta, the Dictator of the Upanagar District, along with Sjt. Markandrai Mehta and Sjt. Indravijay Desai, two other prominent workers of Vile Parle were arrested by the police.

Again at about 7 a.m. the D.S.P. accompanied by two European police officers and a posse of about 300 armed and unarmed police raided the Upanagar Camp and formally took possession of it. Five of the inmates were immediately put under arrest and others numbering about 30 to 35 were pushed out.

Soon after the camp was confiscated, Sjt. Purshottamdas Kanji Sheth of Santa Cruz was nominated as the next Dictator.

MALAD ARRESTS.

(From A Correspondent).

MALAD, Jan. 7.

The following persons are arrested to-day early in the morning from Malad:—

(1) Ejt. Govind Caroba Date (ex-Dictator of Malad Congress Committee).

(2) Sjt. V. V. Inamdar (organiser Malad Hindustani Seva Dal).

Also the local police visited the residence of Sjt. Bhagwant Janerdan Mehta to arrest him, but he was not found at home. It is expected that he will be arrested before this evening.

Arrests At Muland.

The following Congress workers in Muland were arrested on Thursday morning under the Ordinance:—(1) Virji Gangagar Maheshwari, (2) Shivji Chatarbhuj Shah (3) Keshvalal Sakhidas Sangani.

Thana Arrests

(From Our Correspondent.)

THANA June 7.

Mr. M. S. Kaldate and Mr. D. M. Damle were arrested this morning at 8-30 o'clock.

More arrests are expected.

CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA.

"Only Accounts Which The Authorities Inspected."

The Managing Director of the Central Bank of India writes:—

The report appearing in the papers about Police investigations of accounts of certain bodies with the Bank had evidently led to misapprehension, and it is necessary to explain that the only accounts which the authorities inspected were the accounts of two bodies or associations. One of these accounts showed that a certain amount was transferred to another account and the authorities called for the production of that account also. This was all that was called for and produced.

Ex-M. L. C. Arrested In Palghar

(From A Correspondent.)

PALGHAR, Jan. 7.

Mr. Chhotalal Shroff ex-M. L. C. was arrested this evening under the New ordinance.

FOUR ARRESTS IN GHATKOPER.

(From A Correspondent.)

At Ghatkopar, the Police arrested Sjts. Damodar Vora, Dictator of Ghatkopar, Jamnadas Meghji Kabali, Chandulal Patdikar and Karilal Ramjee.

KHAR ARRESTS.

Sjt. D. N. Wandrekar, the second Emergency Officer of the Khar Congress was arrested early this morning at 6 a.m. by the Bandra Police at his residence at Khar. He was arrested under the new ordinance of 1932. He has nominated Sjt. Shantilal Shah to be his successor.

The total number of arrests from Khar amounted to four till 9 a.m. on Thursday. More arrests are expected during the course of the week.

ORDINANCE AT WORK.

Official "Appreciation.

The Director of Information, writes:—

Information has now been received from several districts detailing the action taken by District Magistrates to suppress the Civil Disobedience movement by exercising their powers under the Ordinances.

In the Bombay Suburban District, 29 arrests have been made and the Vile Parle Satyagraha Chavni taken possession of. Twenty volunteers found there were evicted, and a few arrests made.

In Sholapur four people were arrested including Dr. Antrolikar and Mr. R. S. Rajwade.

In Ahmednagar, five arrests have been made, in Poona eight and in Ahmedabad 29. In no case was there any excitement or disturbance.

In Surat thirteen persons were detained. Some relations of the detenus have protested that the latter had given up participation in Congress activities. They have been informed that if that is correct, the detenus will soon be released. The projected hartal in Surat has been a failure. Even those who closed their shops in the morning opened them in the evening.

48 ARRESTS IN CITY.

In Bombay City the latest figure of arrests is 48. The report that large numbers of the Congress bulletin are being sold is not true. Only a few copies are being sold, and these only with difficulty.

An attempt was made to picket the premises of Messrs. Whiteaway Laidlaw on Hornby Road this afternoon and a small crowd collected consisting largely of riff raff of the type usually found on these occasions. The Police promptly arrived and kept the footpaths clear for passers by and the crowd soon dispersed.

Congress and all its activities having been declared unlawful, demonstrations in aid of its activities, whatever form they may take, are also unlawful. All peaceful persons are therefore earnestly warned not to assist or take part in such demonstrations.

PALGHAR T. C. C.

(From A Correspondent.)

PALGHAR, Jan. 7.

The Palghar Taluka Congress Committee has been suspended and the sole authority is vested in Sjt. Sakharam Bhikaji Patil.

Arrests At Viramgam.

(From A Correspondent.)

VIRAMGAUM, Jan. 7.

Mr. P. V. Desai, President of the Navjawan Rashtra Sang, Viramgaum was arrested at 2 a. m. at Patri by the D. S. P. Simultaneously Mr. Manubhai Parekh a prominent Congress worker was arrested at Viramgaum. Both of them were removed to Sabarmati by the morning train.

CONGRESS LEADERS ARRESTED IN SUBURBS.

The names of the 18 persons arrested in the Suburbs on Thursday are:—

Vile-Parle: Messrs. Indravijaya Desai, Ramnikrai N. Mehta, M.B Mehta, R.J. Soman, N.S. Marathe, S.H. Kulkarni, R.H. Pathare and P.S. Bhagwat.

Ghatkopar: Messrs. Jamnadas Meghji Kabali, Chandulal Vrajlal, Harilal Ramji. Virji Gangadhar Shivji Chaturbhuj, Keshavlal S. Sanghavi.

Andheri: Messrs. S.V. Inamdar, G.K. Date and Chhaganlal N. Divavala.

Kurla: Mr. Khetsey Mehta.

Bandra: Mr. D.N. Wandrekar.

ARRESTS IN BELGAUM.

BELGAUM, Jany. 7.

A meeting to protest against the arrest of Mr. Narayan Rao Joshi, Congress "Dictator," and pleaders, Mr. Gokhale and Mr. Datar, this afternoon, was held this evening. Mr. Thakur, editor of the "Tarun Bharat," Belgaum, was arrested after the meeting.—A.P.

GHATKOPAR "DICTATOR" ARRESTED.

Srimati Kamalabehn Soonawalla, Dictators of Ghatkopar was arrested on Thursday night.

LIVE BOMBS IN A RAILWAY CARRIAGE.

CALCUTTA, Jany. 7.

Whilst examining a carriage on the arrival of the North Bengal Express at Sealdah Station, this morning, the cleaner found five live-bombs lying on the floor of a lavatory in a first class compartment.

The bombs which were contained in aluminium shells are being examined by an explosives expert.

The North Bengal Express starts from Siliguri which is the terminus of Darjeeling Light Rail way.—A.P.

MATUNGA WORKSHOP MEN DOWN TOOLS.

Union Officials Place The Case Before Officials

Mr. D. S. Vaidya, the General Secretary of the G. I. P. Railway Workers' Union has issued the following statement to the press:

The public is aware that the Matunga Workshop men had offered Satyagraha last month as a protest against the decision of the G. I. P. Administration to close down shops two days a week and resumed the work next day in obedience to the Mandate of the Union. Since then many representations were submitted to the Agent G. I. P. pointing out the injustice done and hardship caused to the workers but it is deeply to be regretted the Agent paid no heed to them with the consequence that the men again downed tools on Wednesday noon.

Men are definitely opposed to this sort of cut which amounts to somewhere between to 40 to 50 per cent of their wages and demand the immediate withdrawal of the order. The workers are quite peaceful and determined to fight out to a successful finish.

WORKER'S CASE.

Dr. Choksi the President of the Parel Branch, Mr. D. S. Vaidya the General Secretary and Mr. Z. R. Chaudhari the branch secretary, interviewed the Chief Mechanical Engineer on Thursday morning and argued the case of the men. They pointed out that the statement of the G. I. P. Authorities that 900 men are surplus in the shop is incorrect and quoted the Railway Boards' Communique dated the 3rd December, 1931 which states that only 140 men are surplus in the Matunga Shop.

The Chief Mechanical Engineer pleaded his inability to do anything in the matter and said that the shops were closed under instructions from the Railway Board. He, however, expressed his full sympathies with the workers. As an alternative to the closing down the Workshop for two days every week it was suggested that the Administration should put up a notice announcing some concessions and guaranteeing other benefits to the men if they retired voluntarily.

It was submitted that if this course was adopted a considerable number of men which might even exceed the number of so-called surplus would retire. But the Engineer would not do that also and said that men themselves should put up their individual applications for retirements in which case men are entitled to no benefits.

From the above the public will be able to find that the men are quite reasonable and have got a legitimte grievance but it is the management that is adamant.

NEW CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF DELHI.

NEW DELHI, Jany. 7.

The following Communique is issued:—

The Viceroy has appointed Mr. J.N.G. Johnson to be the Chief Commissioner, Delhi, when Sir John Thompson vacates the office.—A.P.

MUSLIM GETS 5 YEARS RIGOROUS

Jury's Verdict Of Culpable Homicide.

"Stabbling is too common in Bombay. People must learn to exercise their self-control and not plunge knives into other people's body," remarked Mr. Justice Blackwell, the Presiding Judge at the Criminal Sessions of the Bombay High Court on Thursday, while pronouncing a sentence of five years' rigorous imprisonment on Kadar Amin, who was charged with committing murder of his father-in-law and causing simple hurt to his wife.

The accused was animously found guilty by the special jury of culpable homicide not amounting to murder with the knowledge but without intention to cause death. On the second charge the accused was unanimously found not guilty.

INDIAN DELEGATION TO DISARMAMENT CONFERENCE.

India will be represented at the Disarmament Conference by a delegation consisting of the Rt. Hon. Sir Samuel Hoare, Secretary of State for India, who will act as leader, in so far as his parliamentary and other duties may permit; the Agha Khan and Sir Henry Wheeler, members of the Council of India.

The following four officers have been deputed to act as expert advisers:—

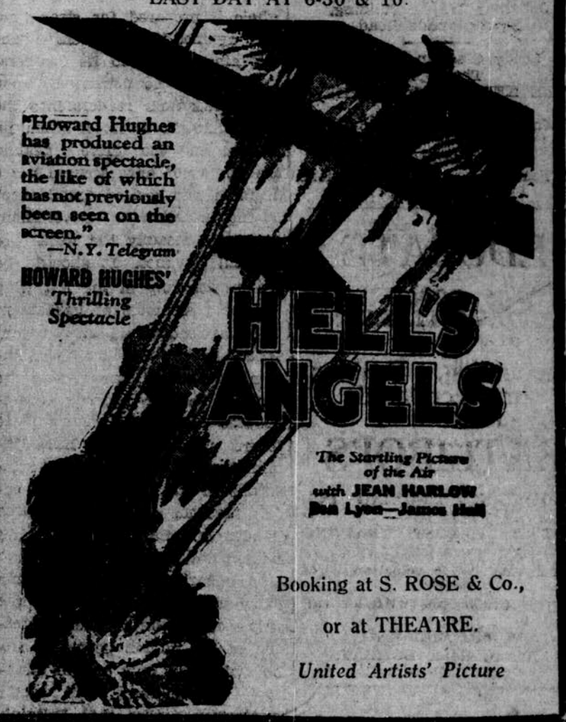
(1) Major General J.E.S. Brindi, Deputy Chief of the General Staff in India;

(2) Col. D.B. Ross, Assistant Adjutant-General in India;

(3) Lieut-Col. S.G.V. Ellis, lately Military Accountant General in India and

(4) Lieut-Col. W. E. Beazley, Staff Officer to the Military Adviser-in-Chief, Indian States Forces.—A.P.

PATHE CINEMA
SECOND WEEK
LAST DAY AT 6-30 & 10.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A seething drama of present day Russia.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET

CALCUTTA, Jan. 7.

In sympathy with a steadier Hessian market jute shares ruled firm but trading was on a limited scale. In coals only a solitary deal in New Kendah was reported at last levels. Teas were dull and neglected. The miscellaneous section showed no material change. Government Securities were quiet. The following were the closing quotations:—

Securities: 3½ per cent paper 51-11; 4 per cent Loan 1960-70 59/6 small lot; 5 per cent Loan 1945-55 88/14 small lot; 6 per cent Bonds 1933-36 9 3/2 small lot; 6½ per cent Treasury Bonds 1935 100/4 small odd lot.

Banks: Imperial Bank fully paid 860.

Cottons: Kesoram ordy 3; New Victoria ordy 1/10.

Coals: New Kendah 3.

Jutes: Auckland ordy 171 small lot; Barnagore 12½ small lots; Clive ordy 26/4; Fort Gloster ordy 470; Howrah ordy 37/10; Kamarhatty ordy 392; National ordy 19/10; Union ordy 374 small lot.

Miscellaneous: Indian Galvanizing 7/4; Indian Iron and Steel 3/12; Bararee Coke 10; Calcutta Tramways ordy 6; Madan Theatres 2; New Savan Sugar 11-10; Samastipore Sugar 10/12.—A. P.

WEEKLY WEATHER REPORT.

POONA, Jan. 7.

The Weekly Weather Report for the week ending January 6, 1932 states:—

The Western disturbance passed away eastwards through Kashmir after causing a few light falls of rain or snow there on the 3rd and in Baluchistan on the 2nd. Fresh Western disturbance caused few falls of rain in Baluchistan on the 5th. Elsewhere the weather was fair except for a few falls of rain in Assam on the last day of the week.—A. P.

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE
FRIDAY: JANUARY 8, 1932.

FUTILE POLICY.

Those at a distance can look upon the happenings in India in a clearer perspective, unless their vision is already blinded with political myopia, as in the case of the British die-hard Press. The repressive policy launched by the Government of India has evoked emphatic protest from far-seeing British publicists and from members of Parliament in the opposition. Mr. Lansbury in an interview with Reuter said he hoped for an immediate debate on India when Parliament reassembled on February 2 and observed: "If we can convince the Indian people that we really mean to give India full Dominion Status as enjoyed by other Dominions we shall have peace in India". Mr. Lansbury has in the present Parliament an attenuated following of some sixty members and the Tory hosts ranged behind Mr. MacDonald can be expected to ridicule his intentions and ignore his protests if he does secure a debate on the "National" government's Indian policy. The debate will be fruitless unless in India those elements in the public life of this country upon whose support the bureaucracy depend in intensifying the policy of coercion have sense enough to realise the ultimate futility of it, and if they do give public expression to their views. Then even the Tory phalonx in Parliament will become a little doubtful of supporting unconditionally 'firm rule'.

Meanwhile it is sure to be dosed with gross misrepresentations about the character of the coercion policy and the degree of support it receives from the Indian people. The "Evening News of India" makes the amazing assertion that "Indian opinion as a whole is prepared for strong action against the Congress." The "Morning Post" and its brothers-in-trade can be depended upon to mislead their readers into the belief that the arrest of Mahatma Gandhi and the "drive against the Congress" have secured peace in India and revived "confidence" in the intention of Government to pursue steadily the work of political advance. It should be the urgent duty of the left wing Labourite members of Parliament who have addressed an urgent appeal to the Speaker to summon Parliament immediately "to consider the far-reaching consequences facing the country," to secure unbiassed, first hand information relating to present conditions in India. They do recognise that the arrest of Mahatma Gandhi and Sardar Patel has made plain that Government are 'are embarking on a blundering policy which will commit the people of Britain to the repression of 300 million people in India which can only end in disaster." But do they and their countrymen realise that Britain's agents in India appear at present not concerned with avoiding this "disaster" but with striving their hardest to keep up their own autocratic power and prestige?

It is reported that the Viceroy has invited four Liberal leaders to Delhi to confer with them regarding the present political situation. A Delhi message states that the Conference is only called to carry on the R. T. C. work. The Conference will produce inconclusive results if the one man in India who can interpret with authority the wishes of the overwhelming majority of his countrymen is not invited to participate in the deliberations. And for these deliberations to be successful there must be a drastic departure from the present policy of coercion. The bureaucracy in their present mood and conscious that they enjoy the support of the Tory die-hards now in power in England may not see the wisdom of taking this step but if they remain obdurate, they will have to repent before long. The Indian people have infinite patience and abundant hope. They knew their cause is just and they will not swerve an inch from the National Demand as voiced by Gandhiji, repeatedly and unequivocally.

THE ECONOMIC CONFERENCE.

The fifteenth session of the Indian Economic Conference which was inaugurated on Friday last by the Governor of Bombay came to a close on Wednesday. Writing on the eve of the inauguration of the Conference we said: "The Conference despite its fifteen years' existence has not been so popular as it could have been, because it is somewhat over-academic and conventional and is a little dominated by officials and semi-officials." The proceedings of the fifteenth session do not justify any appreciable revision of the above view. Learned papers were read before the Conference on different subjects by professors of Economics. More or less academic discussion was carried on in several of these subjects, but it was not possible for the Conference to formulate any resolutions even of a tentative character on any subject or group of subjects in which the public were keenly interested and in respect of which the lay public might look for some light from economic experts. It is of course open to the learned Professors of Economics to say with a sneer to the lay public: "Economics is too profound and complex a subject to admit of ready-made resolutions like those that are reeled off at political or social conferences." We have no desire to sneer in turn at doctors disagreeing or at the endless battle of theories of Professors of Economics. We would not belittle the value of theory, for correct theory is essential to correct practice. But there are theories and theories and it would be good for Professors of Economics every year to choose a few essential and practical economic problems, to associate with themselves experienced business-men in the solution of those problems and make a genuine effort to arrive at something like a consensus, regarding the expert's solutions of those problems.

On the last day of the Conference was discussed the vexed question of "The Future of the Gold Standard with special reference to India." Prof. C. N. Vakil, Bombay University Professor of Economics, who opened the debate on the subject, stressed the need for some form of international co-operation for the rehabilitation of the gold standard and suggested three ways of doing so. But as if realising how little India, as at present circumstanced, could contribute towards such co-operation, Prof. Vakil declared that the time had arrived for India to assert her own right to be an equal partner in the management of the future international Gold Standard and that in order to do so she should break away from the sterling standard as soon as possible and dopt a free rupee as a transitory measure. But what is to be done in India immediately or in the near future, in the absence of the desired international co-operation, to ensure a proper and stable exchange? This all-important question was inadequately touched upon in the debate. Prof. Shahlani of the Delhi University who submitted Government's recent currency policy to some severe criticism, tried to make out, among other things, that it was possible to stabilise the general level of prices in India and leave the exchange to find its own level. We should be glad to know more about the Professor's plan to ensure any reasonable measure of stability of prices in India. We wish the Conference had discussed and expressed some opinion on the all-important question of the day, the promotion of "Swadeshi" in India. The Conference could well have tackled the question from a purely economic point of view. But the Conference shied at this and allied questions probably because a discussion on them would be embarrassing to the many Government College Professors present.

HEAVY TASK.

At a luncheon given by the Foreign Press Association of London on Wednesday Sir John Simon, the British Foreign Secretary, said that as the forthcoming Reparations Conference, the Disarmament Conference and the Council meeting of the League of Nations the most difficult European and Asiatic questions wolud come up for consideration. "Britain would endeavour" he said, "to serve not merely her own interests but all-round international interests." He expected co-operation from other nations "in the same spirit of seeking solutions in the interests of the world." If British foreign policy takes a firm stand in regard to the Sino-Japanese conflict, to mention one of the most difficult Asiatic questions, it would be advancing the cause of international peace. But, is Britain prepared to take such a firm stand on this issue and on the question of progressive disarmament? Is she prepared to forego her own interests "for seeking solution in the interests of the world"? If she shows an indication of doing this, it is likely that she can secure the co-operation of America. Cannot both Powers insist as a first step that the supply of munitions from Western countries to Japan and China be stopped through agreed international action?

BRITISH TRADE WITH INDIA.

ANALYSIS OF TRADE RETURNS.

(By Our Financial Critic.)

The latest returns of trade of India for the month of November reveal a heavy decline in Britain's trade with India. During the eight months of this year India imported only Rs. 29 crores from Britain against Rs. 44 crores in 1930 and the proportion has fallen from 39 per cent to 34 per cent. The decline is heaviest in cloth and metal products.

RAPIDLY LOSING IN TEXTILES.

In the matter of textiles, the new duties might probably have helped to reduce Britain's volume of exports to India but her position has become worse even as compared with Japan with the disability of exchange. For eight months ending November the following were the imports into India:—

	1929	1930	1931
Yarns in million lbs.			
Britain	14.5	6.9	7.2
Japan	7.2	5.1	3.9
China	6.7	7.9	3.4
Piecegoods in millions yards.			
Britain	801	423	251
Japan	360	208	226

The imports from China must really be counted as from Japan as most of the mills are owned by Japanese concerns. In terms of money the decline is more striking:—

Britain yarn and cloth in lakhs	2433	1122	565
Japan and China cloth in lakhs	1027	527	430

INCREASE IN INDIAN MILL PRODUCTION.

It will be noticed that while Britain has lost nearly 77 per cent in value, Japan has lost only 52 per cent. Hence even though the Indian mill production has crippled foreign cloth imports and this has been further increased by the economic depression in the country it is in those classes of goods which Britain produces that the fall is greatest. Thus in white bleached goods Britain has had almost a monopoly. The imports were 290 million yards in 1929 for eight months ending November valued at Rs. 818 lakhs and the fell to 172 million yards valued at Rs. 406 lakhs in 1930 and were merely 141 million yards valued at 268 lakhs this year. Apparently the fine counts cloth in which Britain specialised is being replaced by similar cloth produced by Bombay and Ahmedabad mills or being substituted by coarser cloth produced in India. As a matter of fact the mill production of India has alone increased from 2100 million yards to 2550 million yards in the period in spite of the trade depression.

INDIA MORE SELF-SUFFICIENT

The total imports show that India is becoming more self-sufficient in her cloth demands The following are the import figures for eight months ending November:—(in millions in each case):—

	1929	1930	1931
Yarns in lbs.	30.0	20.1	19.7
Cloth in yards	1244	667	518

From the financial point of view the gain is more as our imports for 1929 were valued at 38 crores and are now hardly 11 crores; in other words we are saving 27 crores though we are losing correspondingly, though not so much in our export trade.

THE METAL IMPORTS.

The total imports in tons of iron and steel show a fall from 501 thousand tons in 1929 for eight months to 344 thousand tons in 1930 and 195 thousand tons in 1931. The value has declined from Rs. 982 lakhs in 1929 to Rs. 681 in 1930 and Rs. 374 in 1931.

The most important item in this trade is sheets and plates and the following figures show the extent of decline in our imports:—

Eight months ending November:—	1929	1930	1931
Quantity In thousands of tons	178	110	57
Value lakhs	389	219	113
Britain's share in thousand tons	142	69	31
in value in lakhs	314	141	60

Thus while our whole impor.

(Continued on page 6.)

Notes of the Day.

No Solution.

In a statement to the German Ambassador, the French Finance Minister, M. Flandin, suggests the postponement of the Lausanne Reparations Conference pleading pressure of parliamentary business as the reason for the necessity of postponement. The French Government's desire is that the Conference should not meet until February 25 but as a respite to Germany who is anxious for an efficacious solution of her financial difficulties, the French plan is to agree to an extension of the German moratorium until July 1, 1934 but this is coupled with the insistence on the part of France that Germany must continue to pay the "unconditional annuities." This is no real solution of Germany's immediate difficulties. The French only desire to gain time to ascertain how far the other creditor Powers are willing to fall in with their policy towards Germany.

Local Bodies and Politics.

Political repression in the country cannot but affect civic bodies. The Calcutta Corporation which held a meeting on Wednesday summarily adjourned it till Friday. A Nationalist Councillor's adjournment motion being all that was necessary for the purpose without anything like a speech to support the motion. The motion was naturally opposed by British Councillors but was as naturally carried. It is to be hoped, however, that the Corporation would not content itself with mere demonstrations. The Ahmedabad Municipality went a great deal farther and passed a resolution strongly protesting against the arrest of Mahatma Gandhi and Sardar Vallabhbhai and called upon the Municipality to encourage "Swadeshi" products and institutions. Local bodies can do a great deal to promote the Swadeshi movement in the country.

Deccan Education Society.

One of the patrons of the Deccan Education Society which manages the Fergusson College and other educational institutions, has published his suggestions for altering the constitution of the Society and also the desciplinary rules of the educational institution. His object seems to be to maintain good discipline among the students in these institutions but several of his suggestions are needlessly drastic and unworkable and may defeat his main object itself. Most objectionable is the suggestion that just because Government have paid and are paying grants-in-aid to the educational institutions, they should have the power to appoint certain representatives on the Governing Body of the Society. Government already control the Society's institutions in a variety of ways through the Grant-in-Aid Code rules. Is not such control effective enough? That a donor to the College should initiate a proposal for strengthening this control is a serious departure from the old practice. And for such a departure there is no justification whatsoever and it may create a bad precedent. The suggestion that students before admission should undertake not to take any part in political activities, is utterly unworkable in these days. We trust the Society, in its praiseworthy desire to maintain good discipline among students, will not stultify itself by creating in their institutions an unhealthy atmosphere of subservience to bureaucratic policy.

An Attractive Policy.

One of the good results of the rapid advance of Swadeshi Insurance during the last few years is that several Indian Life Insurance Companies are now in a position to provide some special facilities to their policy-holders. The National Insurance Company, to take but one recent example, has devised a special type of policy called Permanent Protection Policy, which has some attractive features about it. Under this policy, the prospectus states, its holder has to pay lower premium after the first five years and is guaranteed after that period that his policy will not lapse despite any subsequent premiums being unpaid; but on the happening of the event on which the sum assured is payable the unpaid portion with accumulation of interest at 6 per cent will be deducted. Also a guaranteed annual bonus of Rs. 15 per Rs. 1000 of the sum assured is added to the sum on payment of the year's premium. These features of the Permanent Protection Policy will be duly appreciated by the public.

MARRIAGE LAW OF PERSIA.

CONSERVATIVE CHARACTER OF REFORMS.

(By MAHOMMED HABIB).
III°.

Muslim Law while permitting a Mussalman to marry a non-Muslim woman, has always considered the marriage of a Muslim woman with a man of another faith to be illegal. This time-honoured tradition has not been touched in Persia. At the same time the State has been given the power of controlling the marriage of Persian women (both Muslim or non-Muslim) with foreigners. "Section XVII—The marriage of a Muslim woman with a non-Muslim is prohibited. The marriage of a Persian woman with a foreigner, even when there is no legal bar to it, requires special permission, and the Government shall institute offices at specified places for (considering such applications and) granting the permission necessary. Every foreigner who marries a Persian woman without permission shall be subjected to disciplinary punishment extending from one to three years."

LAW OF CITIZENSHIP.

It must be remembered in this context that the Persian Law of Citizenship ("Qanun-i-Tabi'at") treats as Persian subjects (a) all persons, whether born in Persia or abroad, whose fathers are Persian subjects; (b) and also all persons born in Persia when either of the parents is a Persian. One hears many Persians complaining that the population of their country is falling but as no census of the country has yet been taken, it is difficult to say how far this grumbling is justified. A Persian girl below the age of 25 is about the finest thing nature has yet produced; but only a small minority has yet been perfected by education and art. So far as I am aware, the Persian Government has not, hitherto, raised any objection to the marriage of Persian women to Indian Muslims.

"Section XVIII.—In case of a marriage or divorce registered in accordance with Section I of this law, Section IV and V of the Law of Identification Certificate need not be followed. Section XIX.—The Regulations necessary for supplementing this law will be drawn up by the Ministry of Justice. Section XX.—This law will come into force from the 1st of Mihrmah, 1310 (September 24, 1931)."

IDENTIFICATION CERTIFICATE.

According to Section IV and V of the Law of Indentification, now annulled, every husband was compelled to inform the nearest police office of the occurrence of marriage or divorce; as both these facts are now duly registered at an office of the Ministry of Justice, informing the police is no longer necessary. Every Persian subject is required to have an Identification Certificate in which the four facts of his life—birth, marriage, divorce and death—have to be noted down. The columns appertaining to marriage are arranged as follows:—

Wife or Wives.	
Kind of	Marriage.
Date of	Marriage.
Office and Number of Registration.	
Name.	Number of
Identification	Certificate.
Permanent	("Daimi").
Temporary	("Munqati").
Year.	Month. Day.
Office of	Registration.
Number of	Department.
Registration	Number.

This printed form only provides for six wives, concurrent or consequent, temporary or permanent. It is to be hoped, nevertheless, that should circumstances make it necessary, a new card will be issued to individuals with a more heroic record in the matrimonial market.

CAUTIOUS PACE OF REFORM.

The most striking feature about the Persian Law of Marriage is its conservative character. Neither polygamy nor temporary marriages—the two curses of Persian

(Continued on page 6.)

*Previous articles appeared on December 2 and 31.

TRIFLES.

Interviewed by the Delhi correspondent of the "Times of India" on Gandhiji's arrest, the servant of a gentleman in Northern India is reported to have told him "Every one is most happy about Gandhi being shut up. It is desirable to give him labour in jail."

* * * * *

I cannot congratulate the correspondent for sending this precious stuff over the wires. He could have interviewed the "boy peon" of his office who would have given better copy for double-column display. Sheer propaganda, Madam!

* * * * *

Apart from official advisers, Lord Willingdon seems to have an army of officious advisers. Baron Lloyd wants that Gandhiji should be hauled up before a court of law. Beaver-Mere organs are screeching "Deport Gandhi" while valiant Villiers orders a Napoleonic treatment. Even an angel will grow mad amidst this babel of prescriptions.

* * * * *

It is a tribute to the greatness of Mahatmaji that many a Peer of the British Realm should be anxious about his winter resort. Andamans, Burma, Seychelles and Kuria Furia are freely suggested. Why not winter him in Britain and thus promote the "Winter in England" campaign? It is a capital idea and will divert a good deal of Yankee gold to Britain. She needs it.

* * * * *

Meanwhile Gandhiji sojourns in Yeravda in the same old ward and under the same 'guardians', his only change being in between the Charkha and Takli. Truly he is as he was before the Truce.

* * *

A Poona message states that Mahatmaji is using books as follows. Mr. MacDonald and Sir Samuel Hoare can be proud of the fact that Gandhiji is in living contact with them even behind the prison bars.

* * *

Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru, Sir Cheroze Sethna, Messrs. Jayakar and Chintamani have left for Delhi in response to a request from the Viceroy. The interview is of course, unconditional, but it is expected that both parties, by common courtesy, will merely talk out the issue of ordinances and Gandhiji's arrest and not press it. The invitees are optimistic and so are the Government. The Government have ordinances to save and the Liberals have the Round Table to keep.

PUNJAB MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION.

Protest Against Arrests.

LAHORE, January 7.

The Punjab Merchants' Association has sent the following resolution to the Chief Secretary to the Viceroy:—

"Resolved that the Punjab Merchants' Association enters its strong protest against the arrests of Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan, Pandit Jawaharlal, Mr. Sherwani, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Mahatma Gandhi and other leaders.

The Association is extremely grieved to know that His Excellency refused to interview Mahatmaji for discussion on the present situation and even ordinary courtesy was not extended to Gandhiji for the purpose of free and heart to heart discussions. In the opinion of Association the interview would have most probably averted situation which now appears to be pregnant with disastrous consequences.

It also protests against repressive policy of Government, especially in N. W. F. Province, U. P. and Bengal which is likely to plunge the whole country into chaos, thereby dealing a death blow to trade and commerce of the country.

The Association requests Government to call a halt to its repressive policy and thus avert rending catastrophe and follow the policy of mutual co-operation which is only possible if the Government kindly takes initiative now."—A. P.

ADJOURNMENT TO PROTEST AGAINST ARRESTS.

Motion Lost In Corporation.

The Bombay Municipal Corporation on Thursday threw off the Adjournment motion which was apparently moved to express Corporation's protest against the arrest of Mahatma Gandhi and other Congress leaders.

After the Mayor signed the minutes of the last meeting, Mr. L. R. Tairsee, moved the adjournment of the House.

Mr. Fatehmohmed Maniar seconded the proposition.

MR. CHOWNA AGAIN.

Mr. H. M. Chowna stood up to oppose the proposition but he was advised by some of his friends to sit down, and not to make any speech but to vote against the proposition, if he so desired.

ADJOURNMENT MOTION LOST.

The proposition was then put to vote and was declared carried by 17 against 16 votes. A poll was demanded and it resulted in 24 voting against the adjournment motion and only 17 for it. The adjournment motion was therefore declared lost. Those who voted for the proposition then left the hall.

The following is the voting list:—

AYES.

(1) Miss Bachubai R. Lotwala; (2) Mr. B. G. Parelkar; (3) Dr. G. V. Deshmukh; (4) Messrs. Gordhandas G. Morarji, (5) Mr. F. H. M. Maniar; (6) H. D. Nanavati; (7) Jamnadas M. Mehta; (8) Dr. J. V. Vora; (9) Messrs. L. R. Tairsee; (10) M. N. Talpade; (11) M. U. Rajab; (12) M. V. Donde; (13) Poonjabhai Thakarsy; (14) A. Soares; (15) V. C. Setalvad; (16) Dr. A. G. Viegas; and (17) Vithaldas G. Govindji.

NOES.

(1) Messrs. Abdul Latif Curtay; (2) A. R. Dimtimkar; (3) C. W. E. Arbuthnot; (4) B. N. Gamadia; (5) Sir Byramjee Jeejeebhoy; (6) Dr. J. A. Collaco; (7) Messrs. Alwyn Ezra; (8) G. K. Borode; (9) G. I. Griffiths; (10) G. D. Billimoria; (11) H. M. Rahimtoola; (12) H. M. Chowna; (13) H. P. Mody; (14) M. A. Karanjawalla; (15) Dr. M. N. Balsara; (16) Dr. M. V. Mehta; (17) Mr. M. E. Serang; (18) Khan Bahadur M. I. Curtay; (19) Mr. P. J. Murzban; (20) Dr. P. G. Solanki; (21) Rao Bahadur R. S. Asavle; (22) Dr. S. P. Mehta; (23) Sir V. A. Dabholkar and (24) Prof. V. G. Rao.

NEUTRALS.

The following did not vote:—(1) Dr. Dadachanji; (2) Mr. V. N. Chandavarkar; (3) Mr. J. B. Petit; and (4) Mr. D. G. Khairaz.

The Corporation then disposed of a number of items from January agenda and adjourned till Friday (to-day).

S. N. D. T. Kanyashala's Prize Distribution.

The annual social gathering and the prize distribution ceremony of the S. N. D. T. Kanyashala was held on Sunday last in the Sir C. J. Hall under the presidentship of the Hon. Sir G. B. Pradhan, Finance Member, Lady Pradhan gave the prizes. The programme ...ed various items, musical, ...al, etc., Mrs. Varubai ... the Lady Superintendent ... School, read the report ... surveyed the history and ... of the Institution during ... eight years. The special ...s of the School, the report ...ed, were that the medium of ...tions in all subjects (except ...) was Marathi, and that ...hool curriculum was so ...as to give full scope for the ...tual, moral and physical ...opment of its students.

President in his speech re... that he was satisfied with ...rk of the School and much ...iated the fact that instruc...as given in the mother... of the students. He also ...tulated the students on ...ing the whole function suc...ly. He further remarked ...e true ideal of education ... producing men and women ...ould prove worthy of the ...tion they had received, in ...s walks of life.

INDIAN SCIENCE CONGRESS.

BANGALORE, January 7.

Among the public engagements of the Indian Science Congress was a lantern lecture by Professor Kashyap (president) on pilgrimage spots "en route" to Mount Kailas, which attracted a big gathering, especially because of the Mysore Maharaja's recent trans-Himalayan journey.

Dr. Metcalfe, Vice-Chancellore of the Mysore University, was "At Home" to the delegates this afternoon at the Mysore Palace. An Indian orchestra entertained them with a select programme.

Owing to rat falls in the palace and the neighbourhood, the Maharaja's party to the delegates has been abandoned.

The Congress concludes after an excursion to the Kolar Gold Fields to-morrow.—A.P.

News In Brief.

Bangalore.—In connection with representations by ryots deputations on Monday afternoon expressing practical difficulties of the new system of irrigation proposed under the Irwin Canal, Government are appointing a Committee consisting of ryots nominees with the Deputy Commissioner of Mysore as Chairman.—A.P.

Rangoon.—Five rebel leaders with a large numberd of followers surrendered recently in Prome, and one notoriously listed rebel leader surrendered on January 5, giving up one revolver. Dacoities are reported from Minbu, Henzada, Prome, Tharrawaddy and Bassein.—A.P.

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GERMAN POLITICS

Intriguing Developments

BRUENING TO CONFER WITH HITLER.

(SPECIAL CABLE).

LONDON, Jany. 7.

Berlin.—Intriguing development in German politics is indicated by the announcement that Chancellor Bruening has invited General Hitler, the Nazi Leader to a conference regarding the proposed re-election of General Hindenburg to a further term of seven years for presidency.

General Hindenburg's personality is regarded as one of Germany's greatest international assets and the utmost importance is attached to his re-election.

NAZIS AND HINDENBURG.

Government wishes to ascertain whether the re-election will be supported by the Nazis, whose attitude has hitherto been non-committal though Hitler's New Year congratulatiins to Hindenburg are believed to indicate a change of attitude on his part.

Government desire the prolongation of Hindenburg's term of office in order to avoid an early presidential election, which will dangerously complicate the political situation. It is practically certain that General Hitler will agree to the prolongation for at least one year though he may expect certain political concessions in return.—Reuter.

"Accomplishment Of Swaraj In Jamnagar.

ON SILVER JUBILLE OF MAHARAJA.

The Secretary of the Jamnagar Praja Parishad writes:—

A meeting of the Working Committee of the Jamnagar Praja Parishad was held lately at Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta's residence. The following resolution was passed unanimously:—

"This meeting of the Working Committee of the Jamnagar State People's Conference respectfully invites the attention of H. H. the Maharaja Jamsaheb to the scheme of self-government adopted by that Conference at its first Session in August last and requests His Highness to make an early announcement accepting the said scheme.

This Committee has no doubt that the people of the Nawanagar State residing within its territory or outside will welcome the good fortune of the accomplishment of Swaraj on the occasion of the Silver Jubilee of His Highness' accession to the gadi of the State."

ALL-INDIA RURAL REPRESENTATIVES' CONFERENCE.

The following communique has been issued on behalf of the All-India Rural Representatives' Conference, Delhi for the general information of the public:—

"The All-India Conference of Representatives of Rural Areas will meet in March 1932 in Delhi. An All-India Reception Committee with an Executive Committee have been formed. Mr. Ram Rai Mohan Rai, the well known authority on Rural Problems, President, Farmers' Federation, Ahmedabad, and Editor of "The Khedut" ("The Villager"), is the General Secretary.

This Rural Conference will consider the various problems of Rural Life and Village Affairs in all their bearings as the problem of the Village is the pivotal problem of India with a view to the formulation of opinion about a comprehensive Rural Programme and a Common Rural Policy in the public policy of the country, irrespective of parties or politics. This Rural Conference will attempt to build up a body of collective responsible opinion for rural affairs and village interests in the same manner as commercial or industrial interests are doing through their Chambers of Commerce of Commercial or Industrial Associations, or as the Labour interests are doing through their Labour Associations or Trade Union Congress or Federation. As it is an all admitted fact that the rural interests, the interests of the rural peoples, is the paramount factor in Indian life, in spite of some divergent interests in rural areas for which practical solution have to be attempted, it is imperative for all well-wishers of rural people to come together to find common grounds of policy. This Rural Conference thus seeks a "Common Denominator" for practical measures of rural rennovation for the enlightenment, efficiency, equipment, and enrichment—social, economic and political—of the rural multi-millions, and urges the collaboration of all views and interests to pool their knowledge and experience for this noble purpose.

Calcutta.—Tejnarayan Bajpai, Editor of the Hindi Weekly "Swantantra Bharat," was sentenced by the Chief Presidency Magistrate to six months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 100 for publishing a seditious poem.—A.P.

SIR MOHAMMAD SHAFI DEAD

Member Of Viceroy's Cabinet.

LAHORE Jan. 7

Sir Mohammad Shafi is dead. A. P.

Mian Sir Muhammad Shafi, K.C.S.I., was born in 1869, and was educated at Government College and Forman Christian College, Lahore. He was a Barrister (from the Middle Temple). He was President of the Islamia College Committee (1907-19), President of the All-India Muslim League (1913), a Member of the Court of Muslim University (Aligarh). President of the All-India Mahomedan Educational Conference 1916). President of the High Court Bar Association (1917-19), a Member of the Punjab Legislative Council and Imperial Legislative Council from 1909 to 1919. He became Education Member of the Government of India in 1919 and retained that post till 1922. He was Vice-President of the Executive Council and Law Member of the Government of India from 1922 to 1924. He presided over the Punjab Muslim Educational Conference in 1926. He was also the President of the All-India and Punjab National Liberal Leagues, Punjab Provincial Muslim League, and Pro-Chancellor of the Delhi University (1922-25).

LATE SIR M. SHAFI'S FUNERAL.

LAHORE, Jany. 7.

The news of the death of Sir Mahomed Shafi, Member of the Viceroy's Executive Council, spread quickly throughout the city and Muslims closed their shops immediately and proceeded to the residence of the deceased to pay their homage. Within an hour or so all the Muslim shops in the city and Mozang and Bagwanpura suburbs of Lahore, were closed.

Prominent among the persons who attended the funeral were: Lt.-Col. H. M. Burrow, 1|12th Frontier Force Regiment representing His Excellency the Viceroy and A.D.C., representing His Excellency the Governor; Mr. Askwith, Deputy Commissioner; Sir Shadilal, Chief Justice, Lahore High Court; Sardar Sikandar Hayat Khan, Revenue Member; Dr. Gokul Chand Narang, Minister, Local Self-Government; Sir Jogendra Singh, Agriculture Minister; Malik Feroze Khan Noon, Education Minister; Judges of the High Court; Magistrates; Members of the Bar and other officials and non-officials. Wreaths were sent by their Excellencies the Viceroy and Lady Willingdon, His Excellency the Governor and Members of the Executive Council of His Excellency the Viceroy.—A.P.

GOVT. OFFICES CLOSED.

NEW DELHI, Jany. 7.

All offices of the Government of India are closed to-day as a mark of respect to the memory of late Sir Muhammad Shafi. All Provincial Governments have been asked to fly flag at half-mast. Their Excellencies the Viceroy and Countess of Willingdon are not attending the races this afternoon.

The Punjab Government have been requested to place wreaths from the Secretary and staff of the Education, Health and Lands Department as well as the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research with words "deepest regrets at the death of valued chief and friend."—A.P.

LATE SIR M. SHAFI.

Condolence Messages From King And The Premier.

LONDON, Jan. 7.

Mr. MacDonald has sent a message of condolence to Lady Shafi stating, "It is with most profound sorrow that I have heard of the death of an old friend and send heartfelt sympathy." He has similarly sent condolence message to Begum Shah Nawaz.

The King and Sir Samuel Hoare have sent message of condolences on death of Sir Mohammed Shafi.

Mr. Wedgwood Benn said that Sir M. Shafi was one of leading figures at the Round Table Conference and in his fearless championship of the Moslem rights never forgot the claims of Indian Nationalism. He added that sympathy of countless friends would be extended to Lady Shafi and Begum Shah Nawaz.

Mr. Jinnah said that India had lost tremendous force for peace.—Reuter.

CHAMPION OF EX-SERVICE MEN DEAD.

LONDON, Jany 7.

Paris.—The ex-servicemen have lost their best champion by the death of the War Minister, M. Maginot, who was aged 54. He enlisted in the army at the outbreak of the War, but was seriously wounded and discharged. Since then he had held seven important portfolios.—Reuter.

LI. G. BACK HOME

Refuses To Speak On Indian Crisis.

LONDON, Jany. 7.

Looking very fit despite a tempestuous night in the Bay of Biscay, owing to a gale in which furniture was hurled about the State rooms on the liner "Rajputana," Mr. Lloyd George reached Plymouth early this morning from Ceylon.

Interviewed by "Reuter" he refused to comment on the Indian crisis but declared that he enjoyed his wonderful trip to Ceylon the world's most beautiful island. He was proud to think that it was under the British flag and it was not anxious to quit being under it.

Discussing the home political situation, Mr. Lloyd George said that he had not swerved one iota his position in General Election and added that the fact that an overwhelming majority was against him did not matter.

Mr. Lloyd George expects to return to the House of Commons soon after its resumption, but he has not yet decided whether to sit in the front Opposition Bench.—Reuter.

SEQUEL TO ARREST OF SJT. B. TRIVEDI

Crowd Dispersed By Armed Police

CAWNPORE, Jan. 7.

A telephone message received at Gillisbazar outpost, police headquarters, says that men surrounded the Gwaltoli outpost. Immediately the police rushed out and found Mr. Bishanprasad Trivedi being garlanded and his arrest was followed by large crowds shouting slogans. He delivered a speech. Large audience collected round him and the police dispersed the crowds with the help of the butt ends of guns of the armed police.

Arrests total 19 including six ladies. Curfew passes are being freely given to bonafide people on business.—A.P.

CURFEW ORDER WITHDRAWN IN CAWNPORE.

CAWNPORE, January 7.

The District Magistrate of Cawnpore is meeting leading gentlemen to-morrow to see if some influence cannot be exerted to get the city to settle down.

The curfew order is withdrawn from this evening. Much smaller crowds gathered this evening, but continued shouting "Gandhi-ki-jai" and other cries.

Sir Malcolm Hailey reaches Cawnpore on Saturday the 9th January, to rea-assure the commercial community and ensure them of the fullest protection in their trade.—A.P.

SECTION 144 IN MEERUT.

Vanar Sena Leader Found Dead.

(From Our Correspondent).

MEERUT, Jan. 5.

The District Magistrate has promulgated Section 144 in the city for a period of one month prohibiting assembly of five or more persons, any such assembly being liable to be dispersed by force. Notices have been served on 27 prominent Congress workers of the place under Section 144 prohibiting them to attend, address or join any public procession or meeting without the permission of the District Magistrate.

STUDENTS' STRIKE.

As a protest against Mahatma Gandhi's arrest the Meerut College students observed a hartal today.

The dead body of a boy dressed in khaddar clothes was found lying across the railway lines with the scalp cut off on the morning of 2nd January. He was afterwards recognised to be one Shiam Lall, well-known here on account of his nationalist activities. He was 13 years of age and was a student in the D. N. High School. He was an enthusiastic vanar-sena leader and had taken a leading part in the last Civil Disobedience movement. He was jailed for one year during the last civil disobedience movement.

Considerable sensation has been caused by this. In certain quarters foul is suspected.

JUBBULPORE MEETING DEADLOCK CONTINUES

No Public Speeches But Private Discussions

JUBBULPORE, Jan. 6.

The Congress meeting deadlock continues for the last 48 hours. No public speeches are being made but personal exhortations to individuals and discussions among workers continue.

A large procession of ladies was taken out this evening. The police did not interfere.—A.P.

C. P. CONGRESS COMMITTEE DISSOLVED.

JUBBULPORE, Janv.

The Hindustani C.P. Provincial Congress Committee has suspended to-day the constitution of the Congress Committees in the Province and appointed Presidents as Dictators with powers to nominate successors after they are arrested.—A.P.

CITY NOTES

THE MARKETS TO-DAY.

(By OUR FINANCIAL CRITIC).

The markets opened to-day but the cotton market closed almost at once. The Bullion Market recorded little business and other markets were not working. The share market was open but there was only clearing transactions for "vaida". The political situation has brought down prices though there was a small rally at midday: Bombay Dying opened at Rs. 618-12 and closed at 618-2 after touching Rs. 624/-. Fazalbhoy's declined from Rs. 290 to Rs. 275. Tata Steel showed steadiness at Rs. 20/8 to Rs.21 and Katni Ordinary declined to 131 on declaration of an interim dividend of only Rs. 4/-.

STILL MORE INFLATION

The currency return as of the 31st December shows that Indian securities are higher by Rs. 5.90 crores, which is the amount of expansion of currency last week. The note issue increased by just over six crores due to return of some silver rupees from the public. It is noteworthy that the Treasury Bills sales realised only Rs 210 lakhs against maturities of Rs. 137 lakhs. The Government have apparently being strengthening their cash position and that of the Imperial Bank of India. This has been becoming lower every week and the percentage to liabilities has also been going down too low. The statement as of the 18th December showed that it had been down to Rs. 879 lakhs as against Rs 1,479 lakhs in December 1930 and Rs 1,639 in December 1929. The latest statement shows an increase of Rs. 301 lakhs in the cash balance which is a healthy development but it remains to be seen whether it will be devoted to trade. This does not seem likely as the bank rate is still at the high level of 8 per cent.

PUNJAB COTTON CROP

The area under cotton in the Punjab is now estimated at just over 2,50,000 acres and the yield is expected to be about 500,000 bales of which American cotton would be about 170,000 bales. The total yield would be about 65 per cent of last year's crop.

THE REPARATIONS

France is apparently preparing to become more reasonable on the Reparations question. After asking for a postponement of the next Conference on the question, she has stated her willingness to allow a moratorium till July 1934 to Germany provided that the unconditional payments are made to her. If the German financial problem is solved for the present, there is some chance of recovery for sterling. In this connection the frequent rumours of French banks withdrawing balances from London must be taken into account for they may materialise any time that France desires to make her power felt. The unconditional payments under the Young Plan amount to 660 million gold marks and the conditional payments amount to 870 million gold marks.

GERMANY'S PLIGHT

The public revenue of Germany has been falling steadily in spite of drastic increases in taxation. The estimates for 1931-32 were 9,120 million marks but this had to be revised in September to 8178 million marks but from the returns of revenue since then it is feared that it will be less than 8000 million marks. Faced with this deficit of over 1120 million marks, Germany has tried to tax the people further. But the foreign experts themselves have agreed that the year 1932 would not produce more than 7250 million marks and, compared with the figures for 1929, this shows a fall of 2000 million marks. How far can Germany be made to pay up?

ORDINANCE FOR C. P.

NEW DELHI, Jany. 7.

The Unlawful Association Ordinance has been extended to Central Provinces.—A.P.

COLLEGE GIRL ARRESTED.

CALCUTTA, Jany. 7.

To-day's arrests under the Emergency Ordinance, include a lady student of the Scottish Churcn College of which Dr. W.S. Urquhart is the Principal.—A.P.

BAN ON PROCESSIONS IN BANGALORE.

Congress Worker Sentenced.

(From Our Correspondent).

BANGALORE, Jan. 5.

Bangalore observed peaceful hartal in honour of the arrest of Mahatmaji and Sardar Patel. Business was entirely suspended.

Mr. G. H. Cooke, District Magistrate has issued an order to-day under Section 144 C. P. C., prohibiting all processions.

CONGRESS WORKER SENTENCED

Yesterday Sjt. Govindanandam, a Congress worker, was taken to the District Magistrate, Bangalore Cantonment. It is stated that the District Magistrate asked Govindanandam to promise not to take part in political activities, which the latter however refused. After some discussion, Sjt. Govindanandam was informed that he was under arrest and he was asked to furnish interim security. This too, he fused and he was thereupon tried under Section 108 Cr. P. C. and sentenced to 1 year's R.I. and he was sent to the Central Jail.

STOP PRESS

NOTICES ON CONGRESS WORKERS IN CALCUTTA.

Notices under the Emergency Ordinance have been served by the Police Commissioner on Mr. J. C. Gupta, Managing Director of "Advance" and thirteen others, including three women Congress workers, restraining them for a month from taking part in meetings or demonstrations or encouraging picketing or anyway furthering the civil disobedience and boycott movements.

Eight arrests including Miss Kamala Chatterjee, a student of the Scottish Church College (mentioned earlier) were made to-day under the Bengal Ordinance, following raids on a dozen houses and student hostels by the police.

Muffasil reports show that Section 144 Cr. P. C. has been promulgated at Cuttack and Rajshahi.—A. P.

Sterling-Dollar Cross Rates.

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(Special Service For The "Chronicle")

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To-day's Opening	3.36¼		
To-day's Close	3.39¼	To-day's Close	3.39
Difference	+.3¼	Difference	+.3

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POONA SHOOTING CASE ECHO.

Gogate's Appeal Dismissed.

DEFENCE PLEA REJECTED.

On the appellate side of the Bombay High Court, the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Broomfield dismissed the appeal filed by Vasudeo Balwant Gogate, a student of the Junion B.A. class in the Fergusson College of Poona, who was convicted on the unanimous verdict of guilty returned by the jury and sentenced by the Sessions Judge, Poona, to a term of eight years' rigorous imprisonment on a charge of attempting to murder Sir Ernest Hotton, the then Acting Governor of Bombay on September 22, 1931, while on a visit to the college.

At the resumed hearing on Wednesday Mr. Patvardhan, Counsel for the appellant, argued that the Sessions Judge did not bring to the notice of the jury that the act of the accused was incapable of causing death, that the Acting Governor, the most important witnes in the case, and some student eye-witnesses, who were sitting near the accused at the time of firing, were not examined, and that the prosecution did not prove that the metal button of the wallet arrested the passage of the bullet.

Proceeding, Counsel submitted that in the opinion of the Sessions Judge it was merely a lucky accident that saved the life of His Excellency, but it was not so. According to the prosecution the revolver used by the accused was a powerful weapon, but his submission was that the act was not capable of causing death. The expectation of the accused was that it would not cause any injury and further his intention was not to cause death. Counsel submitted, therefore, that a benefit of doubt should be given to the accused.

PROSECUTION CASE.

Mr. P. B. Shingne, the Government pleader, argued on behalf of the Crown that the Sessions Judge had addressed the jury on the salient points of the evidence brought before the Court and hence it was not unfair on his part, if he did not speak anything about the point which was not put forward by the defence. Further, the Acting Governor was not examined as there was ample evidence before the Court to prove the guilt of the accused. Some of the student eye-witnesses were not called because even after making an inquiry Principal Mahajani himself had said in his deposition that he could not say who were sitting near the accused on that eventful day.

Continuing the Government pleader said that both the revolvers were powerful weapons, and the one from which two shots were fired was of a higher calibre. One of the bullets did pass through the coat and after coming in contact with the metal button of the wallet containing eight 10-rupee currency notes, it had pierced through the notes and fell down. The bullet was directed at the chest of His Excellency, but no injury was caused to his person as the metal button had arrested the passage of the bullet.

The Chief Justice in the course of his judgment, held that as the evidence was sufficient, it was not necessary to examine the Governor and the Sessions Judge was right in convicting the accused under section 307 I. P. C. Inspite of a powerful weapon no injury was caused to His Excellency owing to either the defect in ammunition or the intervention of the metal stud. His Lordship, therefore, dismissed the appeal.

Mr. Justice Broomfield delivered a concurring, though lengthy judgment.

Mr. G. N. Thakor, with Messrs S. G. Patvardhan, K. N. Dharap and B. G. Padhye appeared for the appellant, while Mr. P. B. Shingne, the Government pleader, represented the Crown.

"POUND STERLING PERMENTLY DOWN"

"Never To Find Its Old Level"

(From A Correspondent).

NEW YORK, Jan. 7.

The pound sterling will never see its old level. The consensus of opinion here is that it is permanently down.

Delhi Health And Baby Exhibition

NEW DELHI, Jan. 6.

Lady Willingdon opened the Delhi Health and Baby Exhibition this evening in Purdah Gardens and gave away the prizes. In doing so Her Excellency referred to the keen interest she had always taken in all health work in India and hoped that during her life in Delhi there would be many opportunities for her to give practical proof of the admiration she had for the motives that guided those beneficial activities.—A.P.

REPARATIONS CONFERENCE.

Sir John Simon On Its Meeting.

LONDON, Jan. 6.

The Foreign Secretary, Sir John Simon, speaking at a luncheon given by the Foreign Press Association of London, said that the date of the Reparations Conference had not yet been fixed; but the British Government would be greatly relieved if it could meet earlier rather than later than January 18, as the reassembling of Parliament would make it very difficult for some British Ministers to attend. At both this and the Disarmament Conference and the Council of the League of Nations which would consider the most difficult European and Asiatic questions, Britain would endeavour to serve not merely her own interests but all-round international interests.

He hoped that other nations would meet us in the same spirit of seeking solutions in the interests of the world. It was vital that all nations should meet with the intention of finding solution, if only a solution by stages. He emphasised the recent very stringent steps to maintain the British currency and the correct balance of trade were emergency steps which were in no way part of the deliberate fiscal policy: for a permanent fiscal policy was a matter for future consideration and decision.—Reuter.

LAHORE CLOTH MERCHANTS WAIT ON GOVERNOR

Assurance Of Due Protection

LAHORE, Jan. 6.

Wholesale and retail cloth merchants of Lahore waited on H. E. the Governor regarding Congress picketing. The Governor assured them that all possible help would be given to protect the sale and purchase of cloth without hindrance by anybody, and invited suggestions for protecting the interests of dealers.—A.P.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE

Civil Appointments

Mr. D. A. Laher to hold the temporary appointment of Deputy Superintendent of Police now held by Mr. K. B. Sabnis in West Khandesh, and to do duty as Deputy Superintendent of Police, Kaira.

Mr. Shaikh Rafiuddin Sharafuddin, on return from leave, to be Deputy Superintendent of Police, West Khandesh, vice Mr. K. B. Sabnis.

Mr. K. B. Sabnis, on relief, to hold the temporary appointment of Deputy Superintendent of Police now held by Mr. Fazloddin Khajelal retiring, and to do duty as Deputy Superintendent of Police, Poona.

Lieutenant-Colonel E. E. Doyle, on return from leave, to be Inspector General of Prisons, Bombay Presidency.

Major M. G. Bhandari, I.M.S., Superintendant and Medical Officer, Yeravda Central Prison, to continue to do duty as Superintendent and Medical Officer, Yeravda Central Prison, vice Major R. V. Martin.

Mr. E. L. Wickham, Officiating Superintendent, Nasik Road Central Prison, to continue to officiate as Superintendent, Nasik Road Central Prison, vice Major M. G. Bhandari.

Mr. E. P. Warner, Officiating Superintendent, Thana District Prison, to continue to officiate as Superintendnt, Thana District Prison.

Mr. Ramchandra Rajaram Sonalkar, on relief, to be Huzur Deputy Collector, Ratnagiri, vice Mr. M. S. Sashital.

Mr. Mangesh Subrao Sashital, on relief, to be District Deputy Collector, Bijapur, vice Mr. P. L. Benni reverting.

Mr. A. C. Saldanha, on return from leave, to be Huzur Deputy Collector, Belgaum, vice Mr. G. M. Isani.

Mr. Ghulam Mustafa Muhammad Usman Isni on relief, to be District Deputy Collector, Kolaba, vice Mr. G. K. Gokhale.

Mr. Govind Krishna Gokhale, on relief, to be District Deputy Collector, Kanara, vice Mr. P. B. Harti reverting.

Mr. Dilon on return from leave, to officiate temporarily Collector of Bombay and Superintendent of Stamps vice Mr. M. S. Tayakar.

Mr. Abdul Rashid Khan, I.C.S., to be Assistant Collector, Panch Mahals, vice Mr. P. M. Lad, I.C.S.

Lieutenant-Colonel K. G. Gharpurey, Civil Surgeon, Ahmednagar, is granted leave on average pay for four months from 8th February 1932.

Dr. M. G. Oka, to officiate as Civil Surgeon, Ahmednagar, during the absence on leave of Lieutenant-Colonel K. G. Gharpurey, I.M.S.

Washington.—The democratic Tariff Committee has agreed to the Tariff Bill which, it is understood, will authorise Mr. Hoover to call the International Economic Conference to promote lowering of International Tariffs.—Reuter.

MYSORE STATE'S BUDGET.

Measures To Improve Financial Position.

(From Our Correspondent).

BANGALORE, Jan. 4.

In the latter part of the year 1930-31, the Government of Mysore found that the position of equilibrium between Revenue and Expenditure anticipated in the Budget Estimates of the year had been disturbed by a substantial decline under some of the heads of revenue, due to the prevailing trade depression. A Committee of officials and non-officials was appointed, under the chairmanship of Mr. Rajadharmapravina Dewan Bahadur K.S. Chandrasekhara Aiyar, Retired Chief Judge of the High Court of Mysore, to explore all possibilities of effecting economies and of improving revenue, to ascertain the excess of the present standard of expenditure over revenue and to suggest ways and means for stabilising the financial position.

The Government have now passed an order dealing at length with the various recommendations made by the Committee in regard to the heaviness of the public debt, the improvement of the financial position and the stabilization of the financial position. Government agree with the Committee that it is desirable to improve the financial position so as to permit of annual contributions being made to the two Reserves mentioned by the Committee which a Special Reserve for Non-recurring Expenditure and a Reserve for interest on Capital Expenditure. Government observe that so far as contribution to the Special Reserve is concerned, it has already been decided to credit to this Reserve the excess over five years' average of net receipts from sales of sandal oil, but that it has not so far been possible to give effect to this decision. The course of events, since the Committee concluded its labours, has upset its anticipations of revenue and it has, therefore, become necessary to go still further and effect more retrenchments including a cut in salaries than were recommended by the Committee for restoring budgetary equilibrium. In view of this situation, Government observe that it is not possible to give immediate effect to the suggestion of the Committee above referred to, but that they will be kept in view for necessary action in due course.

PUBLIC DEBT.

The Committee commented in their report on the heaviness of the Public Debt, and suggested that there should be no further resort to public borrowing for at least a term of years. It had also observed that all future programme of Capital Works should be carefully scrutinised with reference to their productive character and that the annual outlay on such works should be limited to a maximum of Rs. 40 lakhs or such lesser amount as may be available out of the annual accretions to Savings Bank Deposits, insurance and other funds, after the prescribed proportions thereof were duly invested under the orders in force. Government agree with the Committee that the remunerative character of Capital Works proposed to be undertaken and the contraction of debts for financing them, should receive the most careful consideration.

FINANCIAL POSITION.

In dealing with the question of stabilisation of the financial position, the Committee referred to the necessity for adequate safeguards for maintaining financial equilibrium and for securing a certain measure of independent financial scrutiny and advice. It also suggested that no proposals for fresh or additional expenditure whether it be on account of a new work of some magnitude or the undertaking of a new form of activity or the expansion of existing activity involving additional expenditure or a material revision of establishment should be sanctioned until such proposal has been referred to and considered by an independent standing committee constituted for the purpose consisting of both officialss and non-officials. Proposals for re-appropriation of budget grants of, or exceeding Rs. 20,000 in amount, may also, the Committee / suggested, be placed before such a body.

In this connection, Government point out that under the existing constitution, there is a Standing Committee for Finance and Taxation. In view of its constitution and the scope of its functions, this Standing Committee was the appropriate body for advising Government on matters referred to by the Retrenchment Committee. Government agree in the view that it is desirable to obtain the view of the Finance and Taxation Committee on important financial measures and observe that arrangements will be made for reference to the Committee of all matters that should go before it.

BERAR CONGRESS COMMITTEE AND YOUTH LEAGUE DISSOLVED

(From Our Correspondent.)

AMRAOTI, Jan. 5.

The Amraoti District Congress Committee and the Berar Youth League have suspended the usual working and have appointed emergency councils. Two members namely Dr. G. G. Bhojraj as President and Mr. Hariharrao Deshpande as working secretary is formed.

MR. ANNEY IN BERAR.

Mr. M. S. Aney member of the Congress Working Committee arrived in Berar to-day from Bombay and passed through Badnera station enroute to Yeotmal his headquarters by the Nagpur mail this morning. Mr. Aney is coming to Amraoti later.

Helpless Beggars' Relief Committee

The Joint Honorary Secretary (Mr. K. S. Sethna) sends the following statement of monies received towards the Bombay Helpless Beggars' Relief Committee's Funds:—Mr. L. S. Dabholkar for a feast Rs. 100; Anonymous Rs. 10; N. M. Wadia Charities for October 1931 Rs. 100; Mrs. D. Gregson Rs. 10; Mr. N. P. Frenchman Rs. 50; Mr. V. B. Mogre Rs. 10; N. M. Wadia Charities for the month of November 1931 Rs. 100 and Rao Saheb Sabajirao Savant Rs. 15.

The Committee appeals that these gentlemen who are sympathetic towards the beggars will become members of the Society on payment of an annual subscription of Rs. 10. Donations may be sent to Mr. K. S. Sethna, Honorary Treasurer of the Committee (Canada Building, Hornby Road, Fort).

BRITISH TRADE WITH INDIA.

(Continued from Page 4).

trade has declined by about 70 per cent, the share of Britain has declined by nearly 85 per cent.

FOOD FOR THOUGHT.

This should make those responsible for this state of things sit up and think seriously. Why is it that the British share of our trade is diminishing rapidly? Though our imports have diminished considerably, why is it that the decline in the case of Britain is heavier than that of other countries, some of which have even maintained their position. Is it not true wisdom for Britain to try to cultivate India's friendship and enlist her active sympathy in favour of British goods? Their political policy would seem to have been pulling the Government in a direction exactly the opposite of where the economic and financial interests should pull.

MARRIAGE LAW OF PERSIA

(Continued from Page 4).

social life—have been attacked. Among Indian Mussalmans as well as Persian Muslims, polygamy is permitted by law, but I should think it is more common in Persia and public opinion seems to tolerate it to a greater extent. The same is true about divorce. Temporary marriages—"muta," "Singha," "izdiway-i-Munqai"—, a misfortune peculiar to Persia. The Persians, however, are more sane and progressive, and decidedly less fanatical, than the Mussalmans of India; the abolition of polygamy and temporary marriages is only a question of time. Persian reformers are very careful about not moving too fast and in carefully distinguishing the practicable from the impracticable. Extremely radical as are the changes that have taken place in the country during the past ten years, in no case has public opinion been opposed to the change. Amendments to the Law of Marriage will be made as soon as circumstances permit, meanwhile it is the duty of the Government and the Ministry of Justice, presided over by Persia's great legislator, Agha Ali Akbar Khan Dawar, to educate the public opinion of the country and push it to the required goal.

Cable Items.

London.—A 65 mile an hour gale is raging in northsea, English Channel and Bay of Biscay holding up shipping. Homeward bound liners have to unable to make Plymouth, except the Rajputana with Mr. Lloyd George who is returning from health cruise on the board, which is due hour and half earlier than it was originally expected.—Reuter.

Buenos Aires.—Argentinian frontiers are being watched with extreme vigilance by authorities for Government is instituting enquiry in connection with the recent abortive revolt in the province of Entre Rios.—Reuter Special.

LONDON, Jany. 6.

It is officially announced that Lord Lytton has accepted the nomination to be British representative on the Manchurian Commission.—Reuter.

Nassau, (Bahamas.)—Mr. Winston Churchill who is on West Indies tour, quickly recovering from New York street accident, is in greatly improved health but has postponed his departure for New York from January 12 till January 25. He was entertained at banquet by the Bahamas legislature.—Reuter Special

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New York Cotton.

BETTER FEELING.

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.

The New York Cotton futures market ruled very steady with a better feeling. The U. S. A. Congress is considering favourably the question of credit. This move is believed to be a constructive step towards general recovery of the trade. The Wall-Street Market was firm and had a sympathetic effect on cotton. Prices opened at a rise of 2 points which level proved to be the lowest for the day. There was utter absence of South Selling and with foreign buying prices recorded a rise of 17 points by noon. In the afternoon trading prices receded 7 points on scattered long liquidation and closed at a net rise of 13 to 10 points. Spot Cotton prices advanced 10 points to 6.45c.

The New Orleans Cotton futures market was steady and closed at a rise of 12 points. Spot Cotton prices advanced 13 points to 6.26c.

OPPORTUNITIES ON THE LONG SIDE.

Messrs. Thos Smith and Co., reproduce the following extract from their Liverpool friend's market report dated 23rd Dec.:—

"The next important factor will be the question of acreage. Although the Texas farmers have adopted legislation to curtail the acreage by 50 per cent next season, subject to 75 per cent of the other Cotton growing States accepting a similar cut, so far no complete agreement has been arrived at, and it is now not likely that the other producing States will agree to any hard and fast rule. It is generally believed, however, that most farmers have quite had enough of increase acreage and low prices, and that land preparation (where other than cotton can be grown), which will commense early next month, will be much reduced in favour of other commodities."

"We are inclined to believe that the scarcity of contracts will continue for some time and although any serious rise in values would be a great mistake prior to or during the planting season (as there would then be less inducement to restrict the acreage), there are more opportunities for quick turns on the 'long' side, especially should prices decline about 1/4d. per lb. from the previous highest point."

PRIVATE CABES

N. Y. May Highest 6.63 (1.21 p. m.)
Lowest 6.46 (Opening.)

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

New York:—Market advanced owing to short covering, strength in stocks and south offering very little. Refraining from opinion pending Congress action on credit reconstruction.

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the followng cable:—

New York:—Better feeling on prospects of favourable Government Legislation regarding the trade.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, Jan. 6.

March	6.39+.12
May	6.56+.12
July	6.75+.13
October	6.97+.10
December	7.12+.10
Middling Spot	6.45+.10

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, Jan. 6.

January	6.26+.13
March	6.39+.12
Middling Spot	6.26+.13

NEW YORK.

New York, Jan. 6.

New York. 10-55 a.m. As known in Liverpool at closing time.)

January	6.23
March	6.34
May	6.51
New York. Noon Call.	
January	Unquoted
March	6.40
May	6.57

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.

New York, Jan. 6.

	Bales.
Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	47,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	Nil
Day's Export to the Continent	26,000

COFFEE NEW YORK MARKET.

New York, Jan. 6.

Fair Rio Coxee (No. 7 Quality) Spot	7

NEW YORK DEMAND BILLS.

New York, Jan. 6.

Demand Bills	335.25

LONDON METALS.

London, Jan. 6.

	£
Copper Brazlers	54
Yellow Metal	43-1/2
Spleter Hard Indian Brands	13-1/2
Corrugated Sheets 24 gauge	9-1/8
Tin English Ingots	140-1/4

LIVERPOOL COTTON

LOCAL COVERING

Liverpool, Jan. 6.

The Liverpool Cotton futures market opened steady at a rise of 4 to 5 points in sympathy with previous New York closing. Tone of the market still was not cheerful. However prices advanced due to restricted offerings rather than buying power. With New York steady and locals covering early sales, prices rose further. The market closed quiet but steady at a rise of 8 points. Middling American Spot Cotton prices improved 1 point to 5.28c.

East Indian Cotton futures ruled quiet and closed at a rise of 3 to 5 points. Egyptian Cotton futures advanced 7 to 6 points.

The Alexandria Cotton futures market was steady and closed at a rise of 15 to 8 points.

PRIVATE CABLE.

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co., have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

Liverpool:—New York cables, co-operative again buying futures.

IMPROVED DEMAND FOR WHEAT.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 6.

Messrs. Thos. Smith and Co. have received the following cable from their Liverpool friends:—

"Material improvement actual demand Wheat in spite of some pressure from Australia. Think Wheat eventually dearer."

Messrs. Breul and Co. have received the following cables dated 6th January (5-30 p. m.) from their Liverpool friends, Messrs. Reynolds and Gibson.—

"Recommend conservative purchases both here and as overseas around present values as we look far improvement outside conditions generally near future."

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, Jan. 6.

January 1932	4.93	4.97+.03
February 1932		4.96+.03
March 1932	4.91	4.95+.03
April 1932		4.94+.03
May 1932	4.90	4.93+.03
June 1932		4.93+.03
July 1932	4.88	4.93+.03
August 7932		4.95+.03
September 1932		4.96+.03
October 1932	4.93	4.97+.03
October 1932	4.93	4.97+.03
November 1932		5.00+.03
December 1932		5.03+.03
January 1933		5.04+.03
Middling Spot		5.28+.01

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, Jan. 6.

January	6.70
March	6.80
May	6.97
July	7.13
October	7.37
November	7.40
Sakellaridis, F.G.F., Spot	7.05

INDIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, Jan. 6.

Broach Fully Good (Good Staple)	5.05
Broach Fine (Good Staple)	5.17
Broath Superfine (Good Staple)	5.29
Oomra Good	4.77
Oomra Fully Good	4.87
Oomra Fine	5.02
Bengal Good	4.52
Bengal Fully Good	4.62
Bengal Fine	4.72
Scinde Fully Good	4.62
Scinde Fine	4.72
Scinde Superfine	4.32

WHEAT—BALTIC EXCHANGE.

London, Jan. 6.

Rozario Santa Fe, per 63 lb. Cargoes.
Sellers Jan. 26/6
Barletta Russo, per 63 lb. Cargoes.
Sellers Jan/Feb. 26/6
Wheat South Australian, Parcels.
Paid Afloat 28/3
Wheat Choice White Karachi. Parcels.
Nominal.

JAVA SUGAR LONDON MARKET.

London, Jan. 6.

Java Sugar, Fine White Dutch Standard, No. 2.
C. & F. Calcutta.
Jan/March per cwt 9/
C. & F. Bombay.
Jan/Mar. per cwt 9/0-1/2
C. & F. Karachi.
Jan/Mar. per cwt 9/0-1/2

LONDON RUBBER.

London, Jan. 6.

Smoked Sheet Standard Ribbed lb. Spot: Sellers 3-1/8d.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, Jan. 6.

	£
Chartered Bank of India A. & China	10
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (London Register)	102-1/2
P & O Banking Corporation	6
Funding Loan 4 p.c.	85
Conversion Loan 3½ p.c.	74-1/2
Indian Loan 5½ p.c.	100
Rupee Paper 5½ p.c.	38-1/2
Indian Stock 3 per cent Sterling Loan	44
Indian Stock 3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	51
Indian Stock 4½ per cent. Sterling Loan	60
Consols 2½ p.c.	55-1/2
War Loan 5 per cent	96-3/8
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	90-1/4

MONEY MARKET

EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

Bombay, Jan. 7.

B. C. RATE—
T T 1/6 1/32
D D 1/6 1/16

LONDON—
Banks Selling T T 1/6 1/16 Jan.
Banks Selling D D 1/6 3/32
Banks Selling T T 1/6 1/32 Feb.
Banks Buying T T 1/6 5/32.
Banks Buying D D 1/6 3/16
Banks Buying 3 mos 1/6 15/32 Jan.
Banks Buying 3 Mos 1/6 15/32 Feb.
Banks Buying 3 mos 1/6 7/16 March.

NEW YORK B.C. RATE—
T T 399
Banks Selling T T 398
Banks Buying T T 392

PARIS—
Banks Selling D D 635
Banks Buying D D 660

AMSTERDAM—
Banks Selling D D 62 5/8

JAPAN—
Banks Selling T T 142 nominal.
Banks Buying 60 days 129

HONGKONG—
Banks Selling D D 97 1/8

SHANGHAI—
Banks Selling D D 130

SINGAPORE—
Banks Selling D D 156

JAVA—
Banks Selling D D 62 718

CROSS RATE—
New York/London 3.35 1/2 6th inst.
Shanghai/London 1/11 3/8 7th inst.
Japan/London 2/1 1/2 6th inst.
London/Paris 85.35 6th inst.
London/Belgium 24.00 6th inst.
London/Switzerland 17.25 6th inst.
London/Italy 66.10 6th inst.
London/Berlin 14.15 6th inst.
London/Holland 8.35 6th inst.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Easy.
Gold £6.2.5 5th instant £6.2.9 6th instant.
Silver London Ready 20 7/16 5th inst. 20 3/16 6th inst.
Silver London Forward 20 7/16 5th inst. 20 3/16 6th inst.
Silver New York Ready 30 1/2 5th inst. 29 7/8 6th inst.
London Discounts 3 Mos 5 13/16 p.c. 5th instant 5 13/16 p.c. 6th inst.
ondon Discounts 6 Mos 6 p.c. 5th inst. 6 p.c. 6th inst.
Imperial Bank Rate 8 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 6 per cent.
Money Call 5½ per cent.
3 Months 6 per cent.
6 Months 5½ per cent.
Tone:—Steady.

TENDERS FOR STERLING

On Wednesday (6th instant) tenders for £25,000 at 1s. 6 1/8d were received and allotted in full. Tenders for £1,485,000 at 1s. 6 3/32d. were also received and allotted approximately 66 per cent. Lower tenders were rejected. £1,000,000 will be offered for tender on Tuesday the 12th January 1932 on the same conditions as previously announced.

LONDON SILVER.

London. Jan. 6.

Silver:—Market is dull.

Spot	20-3/16
Forward	20-3/16

LONDON GOLD.

London. Jan. 6.

Bar Gold Fine per oz. £6-2-9

LONDON DICOUNT RATES.

London. Jan. 6.

Interest Day to Day Loans 3-3/4 per cent.
Interest 7 Days' Market Loans 4-3/4 per cent.
Bank Bills, 3 months 5-13/16 per cent.
Bank Bills, 6 months 6 per cent.
Fine Trade Bills, 3 months 6-3/4 per cent.
Fine Trade Bills, 6 months 6-7/8 per cent.

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London. Jan. 6.

T T London on Berlin	14.14
T T London on Amsterdam	8.35-1/2
T T London on Brussels	24.13
T T London on Madrid	39.75
T T London on Milan	66.00
T T London on Berne	17.18
T T London on Paris	85.46
T T London on Prague	113.50
T T London on New York (Closing)	3.35-3/8

LONDON PRODUCE.

London. Jan. 6.

Cottonseed, Bombay, Hull, ton:—No offers.
Castorseed, Bombay Hull, ton:—Jan/Feb. sellers £13-0-0.
Raposeed, Toria (Hull/Continent) Jan/Feb. sellers £12-10-0.

LINSEED.

London, Jan. 6.

Linseed, Calcutta (London) ton: Jan/Feb. sellers £11-3-9.
Linseed La Plata, c.i.f. Hull ton: Jan/Feb. sellers £9-0-0.
Linseed, Bombay, London, ton:—Jan/Feb. re-sellers £11-5-0.

LINSEED OIL.

London. Jan. 6.

Linseed Oil, naked, London, cwt: Jan/April value 14/4-1/2
Linseed Oil, naked, London, cwt: May/Aug. paid & buyers 15/9

Share Market.

MILL SHARES DECLINE

Bombay, Jan. 7.

The Share market reopened today after a fortnight with a gloomy outlook. The unfavourable political situation and arrests of several leaders caused a slump in Mill Shares. Fazal Shares ruled particularly weak and were found without any support. Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 618/12 and after a small rally of Rs. 5/- eased off to Rs. 618/12. Fazal

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.

Bombay, Jan. 7.

Bombay Dyeing 616, 23, 18
Century 190, 88, 90, 83
Colaba 63
Crescent 45
Fazul 287, 90, 75
Indore 312, 10
Madhowji 10
Nagpur 253, 55, 53
New Great 115, 10
Pearl 156, 49
Simplex 41 N.
Swadeshi 193, 95, 90
Burma 307, 5, 14, 12, 13,
Hydro 110, 110-10, 12
Tram 101-14, 101-4
Deff. 285
Ord. 20-8, 21-6, 21
Bundi 12-12, 12-10
Indian 141, 40
Katni Ord. 131
Alcock 80 N

Shares collapsed to Rs. 275/- after touching the high level of Rs. 287/8. Pearl Shares declined to Rs. 150/- and New Great Shares closed at Rs. 110/- Tata Street ordinary shares ruled steady and fluctuated between Rs. 20/8 and Rs. 21/6 and finally closed at Rs. 21/- second Pref. Shares closed at Rs. 43/- and Katni Ordinary shares eased of to Rs. 130/- Tata Hydro Shares closed at Rs. 110/10. Imperial Bank Shares were done at Rs. 858/12. Texable 3½ per cent. Govt. Paper closed at Rs. 51/6.

MILLS.

Bombay, Jan. 7.

100 Ahm. Advance	255
50 Apollo	1/4/0
10 Bom. Cotton P.	2-8
500 Bom. Cotton	80
250 Bom. Dyeing	618-2
250 Bradbury P.	127-8
250 Bradbury	135
100 Century	183-2
500 Central India P.	408/12
100 Central India	253-2
100 Colaba	63-12
100 Cooria	115
100 Crescent	45
250 Currim.	46/4
250 David	80
250 Dawn	480
200 Ed. Sassoon	25
1 E. D. Sassoon D.	0/3/9
100 Elphinstone P.	20/12
100 Elphinstone	4
250 Fazulbhoy	275
100 Finlay	70
1000 Framji Petit	150
100 Gokak	87-8
1000 Hindustan	1205
100 Indore-Malwa	310
250 Jamshed	4
50 Kastoorchand	7
100 Khatau	83/12
100 Kohinoor	97-8
250 Laxmi	630
100 Madhowji	10-4
250 Madras United	280
1000 Maneckji Petit	700-0
100 Meyer Sassoon	20
1000 Morarji	305
50 Mysore	100
200 New Great P.	110
200 New Great	110
100 New City	44-8
250 Pabani	87/8
250 Pearl	149-6
100 Phoenix	250/0
10 Premier	1/4
100 Shapurji	5
1000 Sholapur	1450
250 Simplex	41/14
100 Swan	57/8
100 Swadeshi	190
25 Tata P.	18
25 Tata	18
500 Vishnu P.	505
500 Vishnu	1030
1000 Western	880

BANKS

100-50 Baroda	63
50-25 Central	13-14
£10-5 Eastern	57/8
500 Imperial	858-12
500-125 Imperial Contr.	211-4
100-50 India	72-8
5 Union	3/2/6

CEMENT.

10 Bundi	12-10
70 Gwalior	56
250 Indian	140
100 Katni 1st P.	100
100 Katni 2nd P.	104
40 Katni Def.	503/12
100 Katni	131-4
10 Punjab P.	9
10 Punjab	7/4
100 Shahabad	168/12

INSURANCE.

10 Jupiter P.	7-8
18 Jupiter	8-4
15 New India	14-10
200 Oriental	1370
10 Vulcan	4-10

ELECTRIC

100 Ahmedabad	110
1000 Andhra Val. P.	930
1000 Andhra Val.	642-8
50 Bom. Tram P.	61/4
50 Bom. Tram.	101-4
100 Tata Hydro P.	100
100 Tata Hydro	110-10
1000 Tata Power P.	1015
1000 Tata Power	407-8

RAILWAYS.

560 Ahm. Prantij	670
100 Amritsar Patti	86/4
100 Central Province	71
100 Dho. Barrainati	74/8
100 Guzrat	40
100 Mandra Bhon.	50
500 Tapti Valley	580-4

MINING.

10 Central India	0/4
10 Shivrajpur	12/10
150 Tata Steel 1 P.	109-6
100 Tata Steel 2 P.	43
30 Tata Steel D.	285
75 Tata Steel	21

MISCELLANEOUS

100 Alcock	80/10
250 Bom. Steam P.	191/4
250 Bom. Steam	161-4
50 Bom. Telephone	41/8
8s. Brit. B. Petrol	2-11
125 Bom. Burma Old	313-8
50 Bom. Burma New	113-2
100 Ind Bleaching	126-14
15 Scindia	5/10
31 per cent. Government Pa...	51-6-6
5 p.c. 1945/55 Tax Free	88-8

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BOMBAY COTTON CLOSED.

General Meeting To Consider Situation.

Bombay, Jan. 7.

The cotton market was expected to open to-day, but because several brokers want to clear up their attitude with regard to the recent development in the political situation, it remained closed for the day.

A requisition signed by about 60 members is sent to the Managing Committee of the Cotton Brokers' Association to call a general meeting.

It is said that important questions will be considered by this meeting in connection with dealing with foreign firms and members of the Liverpool Cotton Exchange.

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

	1931-32	1930-31.
F. P. Bales		
Receipts to date		
6-1-32	6455000	6963000
Receipts Yesterday		
6-1-32	47000	16000
Exports to date		
6-1-32	4091000	4570000
Stock at Ports		
4-1-32	4638000	4158000
Stock Interior Towns		
4-1-32	2215000	1777000
Stock Liverpool		
4-1-32	921000	1038000
Visible Supply.		
4-1-32	9322000	8237000
Quantity in Sight		
4-1-32	10168000	10331000
Quantity out of Sight		
4-1-32	5989000	5183000

PRODUCE RECEIPTS.

Bombay, Jan. 7.

	Bales.
Khandesh	527
Central India	2,009
Barsi-Nugger	1,780
Hyderabad-Gaorani	152
Berar	1383
Central Provinces	439
Dhollera	3,055
N.-W. Provinces	267
Rajputana	799
Sind-Punjab	4,388
Compta-Dharwar	159
Westerns-Northerns	109
Tinnevely and Cambodia	233
Egyptians	149
Cotton	19,420
Wheat	10,075
	Cwts.
Linseed	1,911
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	528
Gingellyseeds	11,670
Groundnuts	45,151
Castorseeds	2,236
Rice	12,348
Myrabolams	12,306
Cottonseeds	16,265
Mowraseeds	126
Gram	4,928
Joowar	6,106
Barley	635
Bajree	5,808
	Tons.
Coal	483

SAMPIN QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Jan. 7.

January	133.80	+1.20
April	137.60	—0.80
July	141.30	—2.70

READY COTTON SALES.

Bombay, Jan. 7.

100 Viram Ladha Nimbaheru 193.
46 Viram Ladha Bhilwara 192.
275 Viram Ladha Ranala 205 1/2
96 Toyomankwak Dondaicha 215
81 Toyomankwak Amran 210.
42 Toyomankwak Berehha 214.
100 G. G. Kesha & Co. Veraval 210.
208 G. G. Kesha & Co. Khamgaon 208.
206 G. G. Kesha & Co. Sailu 206.
63 G. G. Kesha & Co. Anjangaon 211.
100 G. G. Kesha & Co. Veraval 204 1/4.
67 A. Dumodar Neemuch 200.
100 Motiram Vaghji Manuvadar 202.
116 Motiram Vaghji Porbandar 202.

Dacca.—Seven houses in the town, including that of the late President of the Dacca Bar Association, were searched by the police early on Wednesday morning. So far 15 youths have been warned in the presence of their guardians by the police.—A.P.

A UNIJUE OPPORTUNITY to possess
A HERCULES BYCYCLE and GOLDEN WRIST WATCH
for
RUPEES FIVE ONLY.

Simply send us 100 names and addresses of such persons knowing any of the following languages, viz., English, Urdu, Hindi, Gujarati, Marathi and Bengali, from your own town or elsewhere along with the money order for Rs. 5 only. If the same are correct we shall award you one Hercules bicycle and one Golden Wrist Watch as a free Gift.

CHANCES
Occurs rarely in life 1
This is one of them ii
Don't let it slip by iii

TOMORROW will be TOO LATE
This offer stands good for a very Limited period only.

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Note.—Remittances must accompany the addresses. V. P. will not be entertained.

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GHOST MIRROR BOX.

A wonderful box. See the appearances of your departed friends and relatives. Get your difficulties solved. Know your stolen objects. Get enlightened about your past, present and future. Develop clairvoyance and exalted vision. Price with direction Rs. 3-8 only. Superior quality Rs. 5 each with 4 dials in square box.

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(B. C.) Dacca (Bengal).

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J1

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The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

BOMBAY: FRIDAY, JANUARY 8, 1932.

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J2

GOVT. EMBARKING ON "BLUNDERING POLICY."

"Repression Of 300 Million Indians Can Only End In Disaster"

LEFT WING LABOURITES SPEAK OUT

URGENT APPEAL TO SPEAKER TO SUMMON PARLIAMENT

LONDON, Jan. 6.

An urgent appeal to summon Parliament immediately to consider the far-reaching questions facing the country is issued over the signatures of a number of the left wing Labourite members of the House of Commons including Messrs Maxton, Kirkwood, Buchanan and Walhead.

They declare that the state of industry has gone from bad to worse, and allude to the "insensate proposals of cotton employers to restore the barbarous hours of labour."

They further declare that the arrest of Mahatma Gandhi and Patel has made it plain that Government is "embarking on a blundering policy which will commit the people of Britain to a repression of 300 million people in India which can only end in disaster."—Reuter.

"UNWORTHY OF TRADITIONAL BRITISH LOVE OF FREEDOM."

PADRES URGE IMMEDIATE RELEASE OF MAHATMA.

LONDON, Jan. 6.

A protest against the arrest of Mahatma Gandhi as unworthy of the traditional British love of freedom and deplorably unwise in the present state of India is made in a letter to press signed by Reverends F. W. Norwood, A. D. Belden, R. Sorensen and W. E. Orchard, expressing the opinion that the promise of the Round Table Conference is overclouded by the arrest. They urge immediate release of Mahatma Gandhi.—Reuter.

SALT PICKED UP IN KARACHI.

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARACHI, January 6.

Sjt. Naraindas Anandji Bechar, the first "Dictator" of Karachi Satyagraha Committee and four volunteers including one old man of 71 years, one Parsi, and one Mahomedan started Civil Disobedience Movement here to-day by auctioning contraband salt in a public meeting. The meeting was addressed by Sjt. Jairamdas Doulatram, Secretary, All-India Congress Committee, who accused Government of breach of Truce terms.

Mr. Vithalbhai Unveils 'Chirnar Minar'.

(From A Correspondent).

PANVEL, Jan. 6.

The unveiling ceremony of the "Chirner Minar" was performed by Sjt. Vithalbhai Patel on Sunday last. "Chirner Minar" has been built as a memorial of the persons who were killed at the time of the Jungle Satyagraha offered at Chirner on 15th September last.

Special Tribunal To Try Robbery Case Accused

CALCUTTA, Jan. 6.

A Gazette Extraordinary announces the appointment of a Special Tribunal with Mr. K. C. Chunder, I.C.S., and Sessions Judge, Patna and Bogra, as president and Rai Mahendra Nath Das Bahadur, retired District and Sessions Judge and Maulvi Mahommed Abdulla, Deputy Magistrate of Rajshahi as members for the trial, under Bengal Criminal Law Amendment Act, of Aamalendu Bagchi, son of Batakrishna Bagchi of Sagarpara, and Bijankumar Sen, son of the late Atul Chandra Sen of Ranibazar accused in the Puthia (Rajshahi) mail robbery case.—A.P.

"GRAF ZEPPELIN" TO VISIT AUSTRALIA.

Permission Of Commonwealth Government Sought For.

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, Jan 6.

Sydney—Provided the Commonwealth Government does not object the "Graf Zeppelin" may visit Sydney in connection with the opening of the giant Harbour bridge on 19th March.

Unofficial advice from the Zeppelin Company indicates that the flight might be undertaken on condition that the State Government permits the carriage of passengers in order to cover the expenses.—Reuter.

SURAT CONGRESSMEN ROUNDED UP

Second Dictator Arrested: Third Addresses Meeting

SURAT, Jan. 6.

The police have commenced rounding up of a number of prominent Congressmen who took part in the last civil disobedience campaign. So far thirteen persons have been arrested including the Second Dictator, Mr. Gordhandas Chowhawala who was only nominated this afternoon.

A large crowd collected at Gandhi chowk on hearing of the police activity. Mr. Gordhandas Chokhawala who had not then been arrested tried to address the crowd but was immediately put under arrest. He nominated Chotubhai Choksi as the next dictator. The latten addressed the people and the crowd dispersed.

ARRESTS IN DISTRICTS.

Reports from district places including Bardoli, Valod and Mandvi mention arrests at those places.

MUNICIPALITY ADJOURN.

Meeting of Surat Municipality was adjourned this evening in view of arrests, and the municipal office will remain closed to-morrow.—A.P.

Arrests In Allahabad Dist.

ALLAHABAD, Jan. 7.

A report from Fatehpur says that District Congress Committee there has been dissolved. President Mahvir Prasad has been arrested with three others for disobeying order under Section 144 and mob was dispersed by the police.

SECTION 144 in FOUR PLACES

A Ballia report says that Section 144 has been promulgated there and public meeting dispersed. Promulgation of Section 144 order is reported from Dehra Dun, Jhansi and Aligarh. Arrests continue to be made in Allahabad District under the Ordinance.—A.P.

"Berar Congress Council Established

The Secretary of the Berar Congress Council writes:—

In view of the political situation that has developed the executive committee of the Berar Provincial Congress Committee is suspended and in its place an emergency council called "Berar Congress Council" is established with Veer Vamanrao Joshi as President and Sjt. Brijlal Biyani as Working Secretary. The office of the council will be at Akola.

All other Congress Committees in the province has been asked to suspend their executive committees and appoint instead dictators or Congress Councils.

AHMEDABAD ARRESTS.

Sjts. Mahadev Desai, Kaka Kalelkar And Manilal Kothari.

(From a Correspondent).

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 7.

The police have arrested about 30 leaders and workers among them are Mr. Diwan, Mr. Manilal Kothari, Mr. Mahadeo Desai Kaska Kalekar, Mr. Arjunlal, Mr. Rohit Meta, Mr. Raja Rao and several others.

The city is observing a complete hartal to-day.

Sholapur Observes Hartal.

(From Our Correspondent.)

SHOLAPUR, Jan. 4.

On the receipt of a telephone message that Mahatma Gandhi and Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel were taken in custody by the Police, and also on the confirmation of the news through the news-papers that Sjt. Subash Chandra Bose was arrested at Kalyan the citizens of Sholapur spontaneously observed Hartal today. The shops remained closed and the business was at a standstill.

Complete Hartal At Akola

(From a Correspondent).

AKOLA, Jan. 4.

The news of the arrest of Mahatma Gandhi was received here yesterday morning. The District Congress Committee decided to have a hartal and immediately all arrangements were made for the same. All business throughout the day was suspended. In the evening a large procession of the portrait of Mahatma Gandhi passed through all the important streets of the city. The procession terminated in a public meeting at Tilak Maidan. The meeting was attended by about 10,000 persons including 1500 ladies. Sjt. Brijlal Biyani presided. Speeches were delivered by Messrs. Dada Saheb Gole, S. M. Rehman, Pandit, Deshpande, Sardar Indrasingh and Mrs. Durgabai Joshi. President in his concluding speech announced the suspension of the Provincial Congress Executive and its replacement by an emergency council with Veer Vamanrao Joshi as President and Sjt. Brijalal Biyani as Secretary. He asked the audience to be ready for the freedom's fight that was forced on them and sacrifice their all for the country's sake.

SIR T. B. SAPRU TO SEE VICEROY.

Report Confirmed.

MR. CHINTAMANI ALSO TO JOIN

ALLAHAABAD, Jan. 7.

Enquiries confirm the report that Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru is going to Delhi to see the Viceroy. Mr. C. Y. Chintamani has also been asked to join the Conference.—A P

MR. JAYAKAR & SIR P. C. SETHNA

Leave For Delhi To Confer With Viceroy

Mr. M. R. Jayakar and Sir Pheroz Sethna left Bombay on Wednesday night for Delhi in response to an invitation from the Viceroy to discuss with him the present situation in the country arising out of Mahatma Gandhi's arrest and the future of the R. T. Committees.

BARDOLI CONGRESS COMMITTEE DISSOLVED

Sjt. K. G. Patel Appointed Dictator

(From a Correspondent).

BARDOLI, Jan. 4.

The Bardoli Congress Committee taking into consideration the national crisis suspended the normal constitution and appointed Sjt. Keshawbhai Ganeshji, the Dictator of the local Congress Committee.

On hearing the news of the arrests of Mahatma Gandhi and Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, a complete hartal was observed and a protest meeting was held on the evening.

ARRESTS IN SATARA

More Impending

(From Our Correspondent).

SATARA, Jan. 7.

Bhausaheb Soman, Doctor Athalye and Sjt. Parchure Shastri were arrested early this morning under the Emergency Ordinance. More arrests are impending.

Complete hartal in the city is being observed.

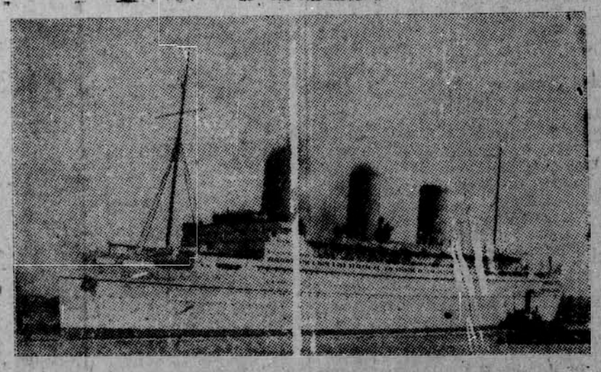
Ordinance Extended To Berar.

NEW DELHI, Jan. 7.

A Gazette of India Extraordinary notifies the extention of the Unlawful Instigation Ordinance and the Prevention of Molestation and Boycotting Ordinance to Berar and the necessary powers have been given to the Central Provinces Government for their enforcement in Berar.—A.P.

LARGEST AND FASTEST "EMPIRE" LINER

BRINGS WORLD-TOURISTS TO BOMBAY.



The tourist season for 1932 does not give indications of being so successful as last year. This is due to the general trade depression that has reduced spending to a minimum. In spite of it, however, two big liners—the "Empress of Britain" and the "Resolute"—are bringing some thousands of tourists to Bombay.

It is interesting to note that the "Empress of Britain," which arrived in Bombay on Thursday the 7th, is the most outstanding vessel built in Great Britain since the war, and it is the ninth largest merchant ship afloat. She is 758 feet long and nearly 100 feet wide, with a gross tonnage of about 42,500 tons. This new liner is not only the largest but the most luxuriously-appointed ocean-going vessel to ply between Southampton and Quebec. An outstanding characteristic of the "Empress of Britain" is that the public rooms have been beautifully decorated by such eminent artists as Sir John Lavery, Frank Brangwyn, Sir Charles Allom, and Heath Robinson.

The main turbines of this great ship are lubricated with Gargoyle D. T. E. Oils manufactured by the Vacuum Oil Company, Inc.

CALCUTTA'S "BIG BUSINESS."

Informal Chat With Governor.

ASSURANCE OF CRUSHING TERRORISM.

CALCUTTA, Jan. 6

Addressing an informtl gathering of representatives of commercial and landed interests, Indian and European, which was called at Government House to exchange views regarding the situation created by the revival of civil disobecience, the Governor of Bengal explained the policy of the Government of Bengal with regard to the protection of commercial and trading interests against the menace of civil disobedience, and reiterated Government's determination to crush terrorism and lawlessness and push on constitutional changes. He gave full assurance that every possible protection would be afforded to enable business to be carried on, and individuals, both traders and consumers, would be assured of complete liberty to sell and buy as they themselves desired, unhampered by the tyranny of an imposed boycott.

Bengal, he believed, was preeminently in a position to take the earliest advantage of any revival of trade in the world; and the opportunity when it came could not be missed because certain Indian leaders who had been given evey possible facility for constitutional action to secure their political aims would appear to prefer unconstitutional methods and risk the economic ruin of their country. Such a policy, he said, must quickly cause in many parts of the province, a volume of agrarian discontent and violence which would bring ruin to landlords, tenants and mahajans alike. He asked for the utmost public co-operation, by making complaints and giving evidence in courts in order to enable the police to deal effectively with picketing.

He then invited public assistance to Government based on their last year's experiences, and welcomed practical suggestions of a scheme for outwitting boycotters. The following among others attended the meeting. Sir Philip Henry Browne, Khan Bahadur Asizul Haque, Mr. J. N. Basu and Mr. Alfred H. Watson.—A.P.

(Continued from Col. 7.)

sidered that the Governor should be instructed to keep in touch with the Ministry and the Legislature in the administration of the subjects entrusted to him.

The Committee agreed that there should be no discrimination against the existing minorities and commercial interests. Mention was made in this connection that the suggestion that in addition to the Governor's duty to safeguard the interests of minorities the latter should be afforded statutory protection on the lines of the declaration of rights. The report mentions also the proposal that the constituent act should contain provisions defying the position and the rights of commercial communities.

The fourth report of the Federal Structure Committee on this subject was suggested as the basis, but it was also urged that British subjects should be secured the right to enter into trade with Burma in future as hitherto. The report states that while there was general agreement that there should be no discrimination against the existing commercial interest opinion was divided whether it should be laid down that there should be no discrimination in future.

As regards Finance, a general agreement was reached that supply for the reserved subject service and debt should be mortgaged and form the first claim on Burma revenues. The report alludes to the suggested appointment of the Financial Adviser in view of the fact that in the events of separation, the Burma Government would deal with the financial questions of which neither officials nor non-officials of Burma had hitherto the opportunity of gaining experience. The Committee also agreed that sex should not disqualify from membership of either house.—Reuter.

BURMA TO HAVE 8 MINISTERS.

Chief Minister To Preside Over Cabinet.

GOVERNOR'S INTERVENTION FOR SAFEGUARDING PROTECTION OF MINORITIES

LONDON, Jan. 5.

Considerable progress was made at the Burma Round Table Conference to-day on the discussion of the draft report and sections of it dealing with the High Court, services, defences and ministers were approved. Many delegates advocated that the Constituent Act should provide for the establishment of a high court generally on the lines of the present High Court to be constituted preferably by letters of patent. Others preferred that the Constitution should be laid down by Statute. The Committee agreed that proper administration of justice regardless of race class or creed should be the sole criterion for the appointment of judges and that the present qualifications were suitable but one member opposed the eligibility of members of civil service. Another was of the opinion that officers from Services should not exceed one-third of Court's strength. The report mentions the suggestion that judges should be at least forty years of ago, and also general agreement that retirement should occur at about 60 to 65. The Committee was unanimous that the salaries should be unvoted.

WHO SHOULD BE THE RECRUITING AUTHORITY.

Dealing with the Services, the report records unanimity in supporting the recommendations of the Services the Sub-Committee of the Indian Round Table Conference on the subject of guaranteeing services' rights and safeguards and agreement that provision should be made in the Constitution for their maintenance for all appointed before new Constitution. There is also unanimity that the right of retirement on a proportionate pension should be extended but opinion is divided regarding the period for which the right should apply. The Committee hopes in this regard that if transfer of services from Government of India to new Government of Burma raises any other questions regarding their conditions of service they should be dealt with in accordance with the general intention that all steps should be taken to reassure the existing members of the services of maintenance of their existing terms in order that they may serve loyally and efficiently for the normal term. The Committee is unanimously in favour of the establishment of the Public Services Commission. The Report records the general agreement that any way, for police and civil services, recruitment of Europeans will be essential for some time, but the opinion is not unanimous whether the Secretary of State should continue to be the recruiting authority. Opinion though not unanimous, favours the transfer of power of appointment to the Irrigation Branch of Engineers Service to the new Government.

MINISTER FOR STRATEGICAL AFFAIRS.

Mention is made of the brief discussion of the rate of Burmanisation, on which point some were of opinion that the new Government should decide, while others favoured the maintenance of Lee proportions. Dealing with the medical service Committee, it was generally in favour of combination of civil and military sides. Europeans should be recruited for and that an adequate number of army and British officials and their families. The report refers by the Governor. Sections dealto the agreement that backward tracts should in future be termed Excluded areas and says that several members favoured the administration of the excluded areas by the Governor. Sections dealing with defence report that some members were of the opinion that the British Army should be immediately handed over to Burmese Minister but state that the Committee dealt with that subject on the understanding that the defence in the existing condition must be reserved for Governor. The report hopes that the strength of the army after separation will not exceed the forces hitherto normally maintained. It says it is not contemplated that Burma should undertake its own naval defence relying at present on the British Navy. Dealing with the desire expressed for the Legislative influence in certain aspects of Army policy, the report mentions the suggestion that Defence might be entrusted to the Minister responsible to Government for technical and strategical matters, and to the Legislature with regard to such matters as recruitment and Burmanisation, but says it was considerably criticised on ground of impracticability.

COLLECTIVE RESPONSIBILITY.

Pointing out that the defence must be the increasing concern to the people of a self-governing country the Report says that the general feeling favoured not only development of indigenous forces but provision of means whereby Legislature would be kept acquainted with Army matters and responsibility vested with the Governor. Proceeding to deal with Ministers the report records that there was no dissentient to the view that the Ministry should be normally appointed by Governor in consultation with the leaders of the strongest party in the Lower House, but the latters choice need not necessarily be confined to that chamber. The Committee does not make any definite recommendation regarding the number of Ministers but inclines to view that eight should be the maximum. Collective responsibility is unhesitatingly approved. Committee is of the opinion that the Chief Minister would ordinarily preside over the Cabinet Governor should have discretion to summon Ministers to preside. The Governor should also be fully apprised of the Ministers policy and decisions. The opinion was divided on the question of inclusion in the Cabinet of Ministers responsible solely to Governor in respect of reserved subjects.

Several members advocated the salaries considerably lower than the present scale. Rs. 2,000 monthly for Ministers and possibly Rs. 2,500 for Chief Minister were suggested. Proposal was also mentioned that official residence might be provided.

RESEVED SUBJECTS.

Sections of the Report approved by the final meeting this afternoon of the Burma Round Table Conference in Committee dealt with the Governor's powers and finance. With regard to the former, the report says it was agreed, except by certain delegates who were not willing to accept any safeguards in the present stage, that the transfer of power to Minsters must be accompanied by safeguards necessary in the interest of Burma until further experience was acquired. The Committee accepted generally the principles enunciated in the second report of the Indian Federal Structure Committee and particularly it was proposed that the Governor should be responsible to the administration of defence, external affairs, excluded the areas including Shan States, monetary policy, currency coinage, ceremonial titles and honours, ecclesiastical administration and officials recruited by Crown, Secretary of State or Governor. It was further proposed that the Governor should be empowered to intervene for the purpose of safeguarding the protection of minorities, preservation of Burma from grave internal peril, from the financial stability, credit fulfilment, debt obligations, protection of the Imperial interests, rights and privileges guaranteed to officials and also matters affecting reserved subjects.—Reuter.

GOVERNOR'S RESPONSIBILITY.

General agreement was recorded regarding the field of the Governor's responsibility. It was also agreed that in addition to his ordinary powers of returning, reserving and disallowing legislative measures, the Governor should have powers to enable him to discharge his special responsibilities including power to secure the requisite funds. It was con-

(Continued in Column 5.)

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